



Adani Transmission Limited

Investor Presentation





Index

- A Introduction to Adani Group and Adani Transmission Limited
- B Sector Dynamics Strong Fundamentals Supporting Growth
- © Regulatory Framework
- Financial and Operating Highlights
- Investment Rationale
- - ATL Holding and Capital Structure
 - 2 Financial Highlights





Adani Group: India's Largest Infrastructure Conglomerate



Gautam Adani, Group founder

First generation entrepreneur, one of the leading businessmen of India with 30+ years experience



~INR 1.171 Bn / US\$ 17,218 Mn Market Cap⁽¹⁾



Presence in 50+ countries







Resources



- Large mining operations
- Largest integrated coal management operation
- Edible oils & Agri commodities
- Integrated solar photovoltaic manufacturing



Logistics



335MMT capacity





Largest commercial port developer & operator with 10 ports & terminal -









Energy



- Largest private sector transmission
- largest power distribution business
- Largest Solar operations







Adani Transmission Limited ('ATL'): At a Glance



Largest Private Pure-play Integrated Transmission and Distribution Player in India

7 Out of 9 Under Construction Projects Commissioning in 2018-19

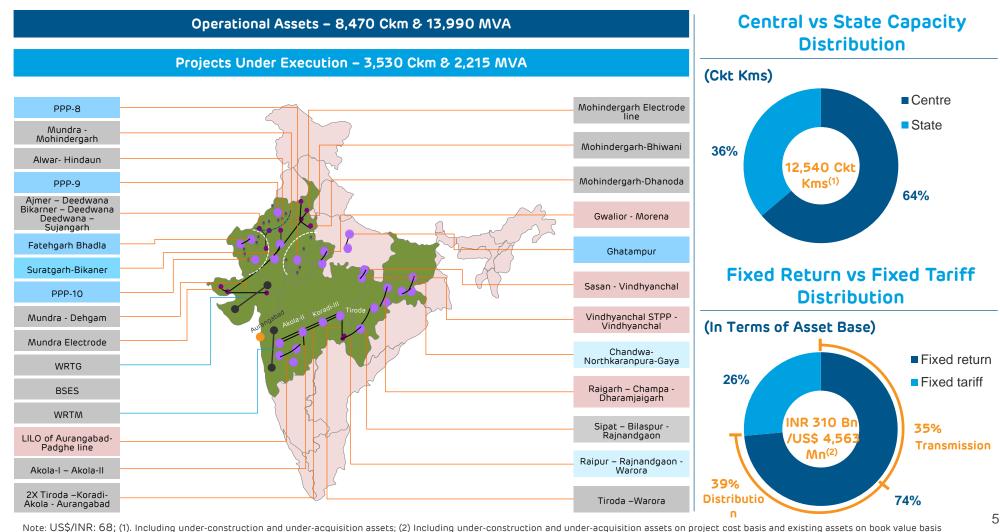
(Fully Built)

Asset Base(1)



Largest Pure-play Integrated Transmission and Distribution Play in India

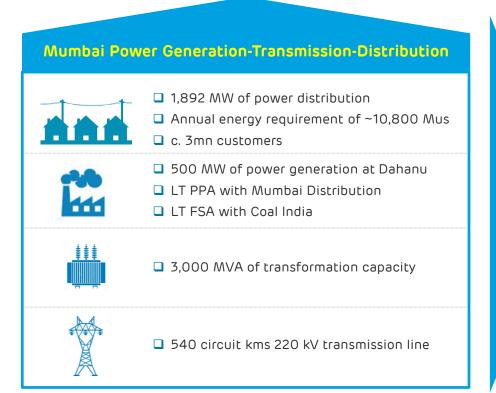
Pan-India presence with attractive mix of central / state and fixed return / fixed tariff projects

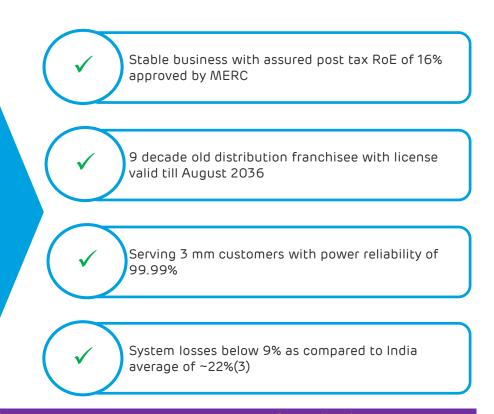




Mumbai GTD - Asset Overview

One of the largest private sector power distribution players in the country supplying power to 3 mm customers.





The proposed transaction will mark ATL's foray into distribution space and also strengthen ATL's footprint in the power transmission sector



Electricity Distribution: Regulated Business with Upsides

Distribution business provides the benefits of a long term asset with regulated returns and high cash flow visibility, while also giving the potential of leveraging multiple operational and technological upsides.

Mumbai Distribution Business

Nature of Customers

- High quality 3mm+ retail customers
- Best in class credit profile
- High propensity to pay
- High stickiness
- Cross sell opportunity

Operational Excellence

- Low cost supply from existing plants
- One of the lowest
 losses in the industry
- Regulated return on capex

Near Term Upsides

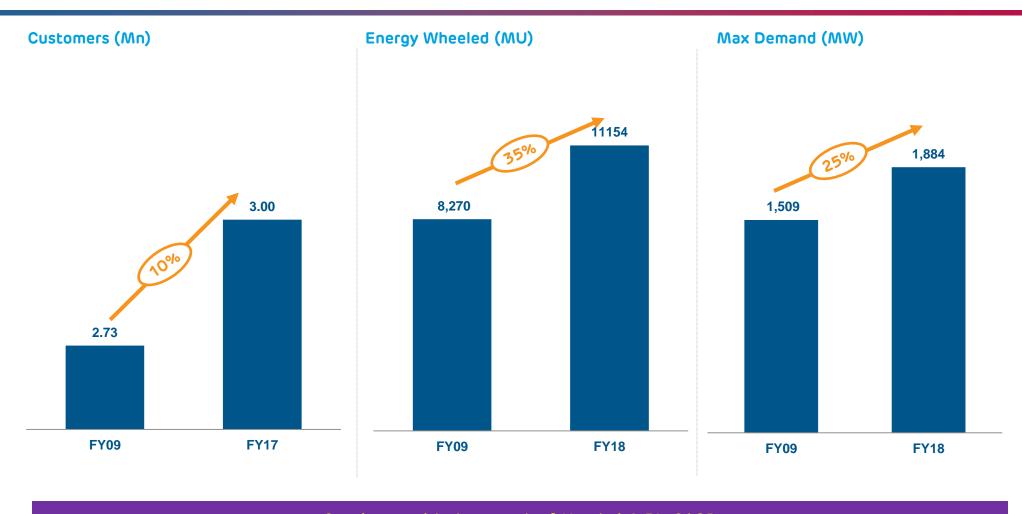
- Enhance distribution revenue
- Improve penetration
 in the existing market
- Increase
 O&M efficiency
- Develop real estate

Long Term Growth Upsides

- Develop nextgeneration digital technologies
- Smart grid and smart metering
- Cross sell opportunities
- Ancillary services
 opportunities (e.g. EV
 charging stations etc.)



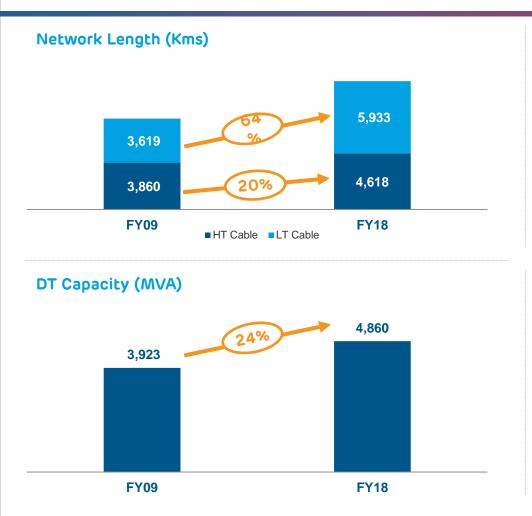
Growth: Customer Base and Energy Consumed

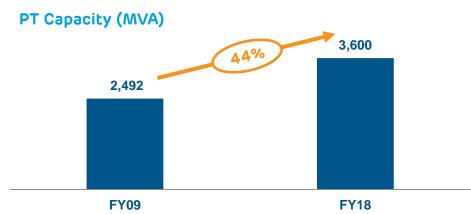


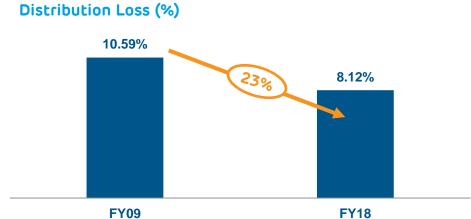
Consistent with the growth of Mumbai @ 3% CAGR



Growth: Network





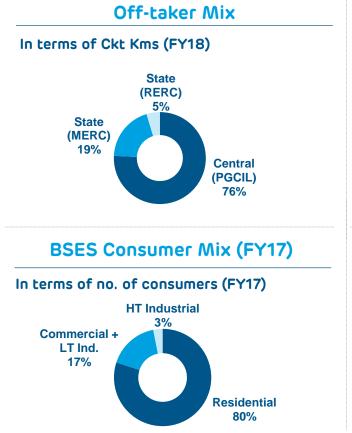


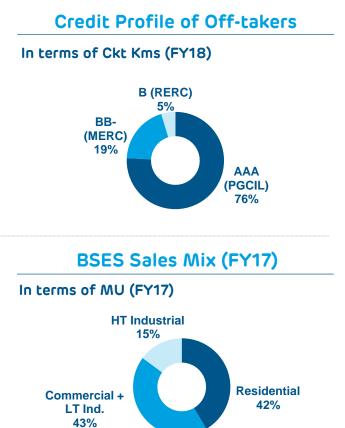
Adequate Network Augmentation commensurate with Demand

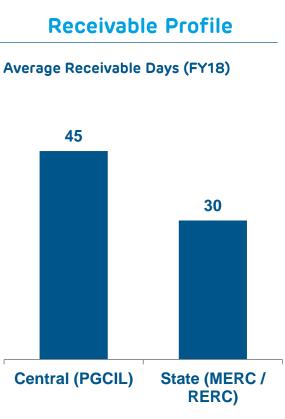


Diversified Counterparty Risk and Receivable Profile

Attractive mix of central / state counterparties, in conjugation with strong contractual protections limit overall payment risk







Track record of robust receivable profile with no direct exposure to bilateral counterparty / user



Transforming to an Integrated Model

Mumbai GTD acquisition creates India's largest pure-play integrated transmission and distribution entity and will position ATL to leverage the next phase of growth.

High barriers and limited competition providing natural advantage

Mumbai GTD:
Robust
Business
Characteristics

Perpetuity like concession, with extensions in 25 year intervals (last extension in 2011) with stable cash flows

Maximizing Returns

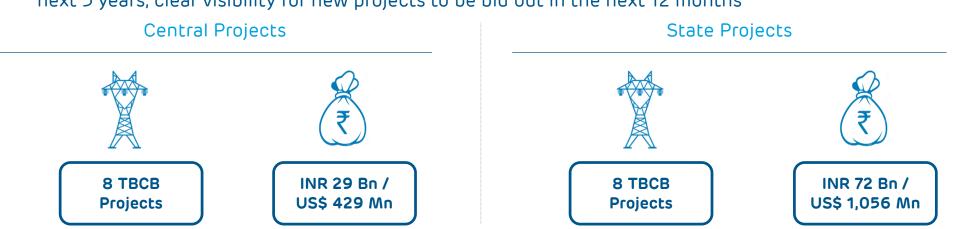
- Enhance efficiency : AT&C, Finance, Heat Rate and Availability
- Assets sweating
- Fibre + Tower leasing
- Upsell/ cross sell of FMCG/ service solution to customers



12

Focussed Strategy to Leverage Growth Opportunity

- Focus on distribution opportunities SEZ, Second license option, franchise, open access customers
- Aiming to pursue, One Adani One Bill to cater to smart colony and smart home
- Revisiting our geographic strategy in terms of risk-reward prospective for international projects
- **Near Term Transmission Bidding Opportunity:** Out of total c. INR 2,600 Bn / US\$ 38 Bn opportunity in the next 5 years, clear visibility for new projects to be bid out in the next 12 months



ATL's capabilities position it well to leverage opportunities across transmission and distribution.

Note: US\$/INR: 68;



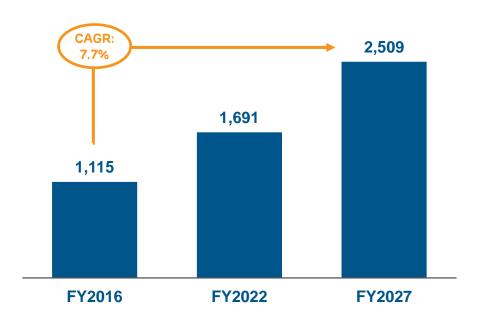


Electricity Sector Fundamentals Remain Robust

Strong Demand For Electricity further supported by Renewable Sector Growth

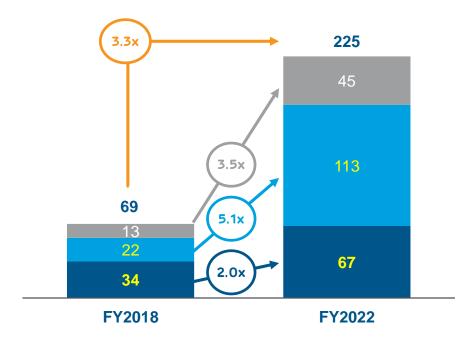
Electricity demand expected to grow at 7%+ in the medium term(1)

(Billion Units)



Exponential growth in renewable sector foreboding well for transmission sector⁽¹⁾

(GWs)



Transmission Sector Capacity Addition Poised for Significant Growth

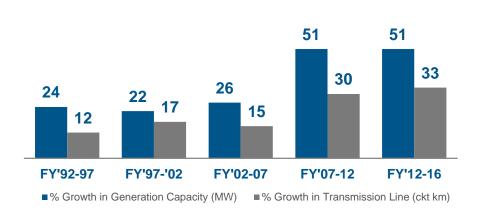


15

Indian Transmission Sector Poised for Exponential Growth

Robust growth outlook driven by strong policy support

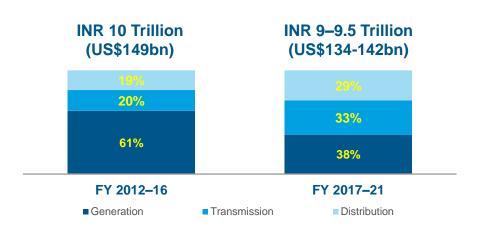
Significant under-investment in Transmission sector historically...⁽¹⁾



~USD 50 bn market opportunity over next 5 years

Mandatory **competitive bidding** has created a level playing field for private players

... implying robust growth in the sector with share increasing by 1.7x over next 5 years⁽¹⁾



Schemes like UDAY, 24x7 Power for All, Village Electrification et al. strengthening the value chain

Private sector has won **20** projects out of total **26** awarded since Jan-15

Private Sector Players Poised to Leverage the Transmission Growth Opportunity

Notes: (1) Source: CEA, CRISIL report

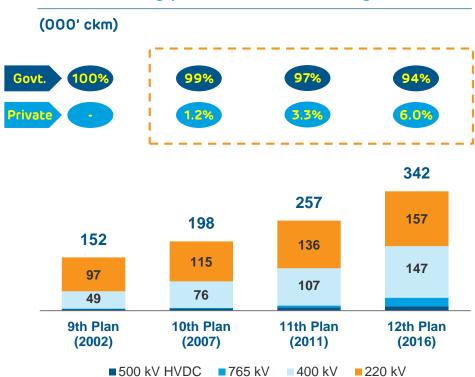


16

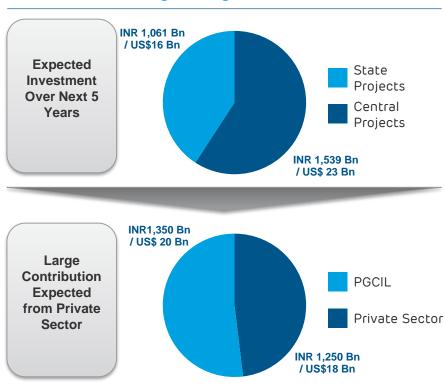
Large Addressable Market for Private Players

Government focus on transmission and distribution sector has opened up a large opportunity for the private sector over next 5 years

Private sector participation is on the rise, with increasing preference for bidding route



Large contribution is expected from the Private Sector in the growing addressable market



ATL is Well Positioned to Leverage the Large Private Sector Opportunity

Notes: US\$/INR: 68; (1) Source: CEA



Structural Factors Providing Significant Opportunities in Power Distribution

Existing systemic inefficiencies leading to increasing focus on privatization

c. 89% of power distribution owned by state owned enterprises

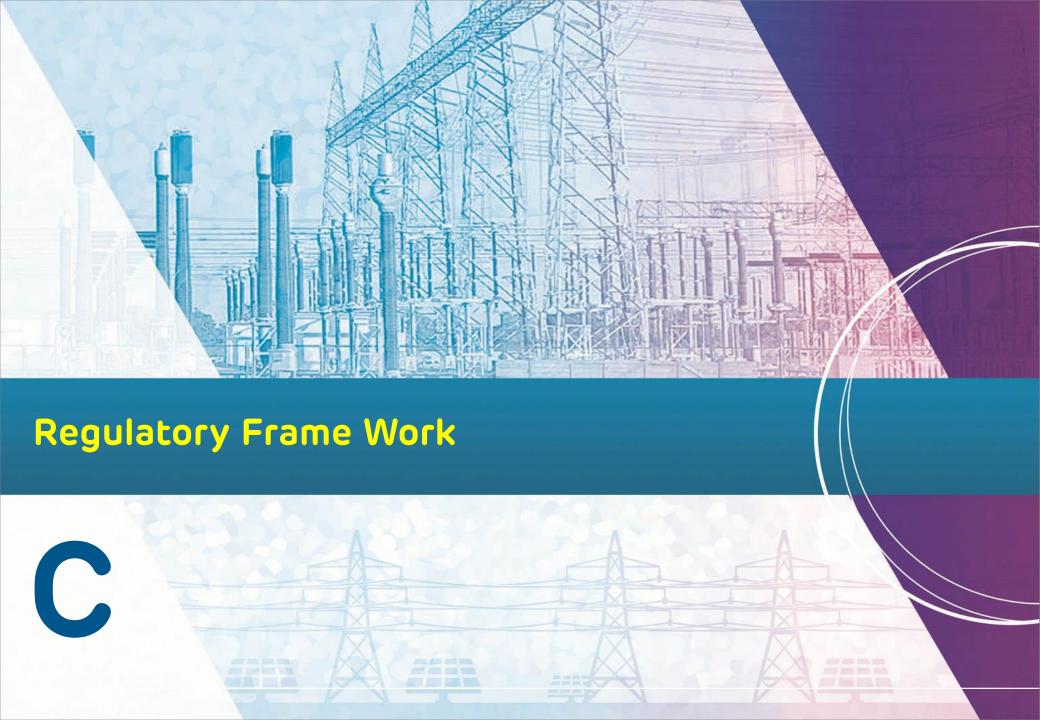
More than 100 state DISCOMs

Loss of distribution sector estimated to be c. INR 600 Bn / US\$ 9 Bn per annum

Sector ails in terms of reliability, quality of supply as well as softer customer services

Tremendous opportunity for PPP / franchisee acquisition of state owned enterprises

17





Well Defined Regulatory Framework

Overview of Regulatory Bodies Governing the Sector

Ministry of Power (MoP)

Planning, policy formulation, processing of projects for investment decisions, monitoring implementation of projects, and enactment of legislation in regard to power generation, transmission and distribution

Central Electricity Authority of India (CEA)

Advisory arm of MoP on matters relating to the National Electricity Plan and formulating plans for the development of the sector

Central Electricity Regulatory Commission (CERC)

Regulates tariff and grant of licenses

State Electricity Regulatory Commission (SERC)

Regulates tariff; formulates policies regarding subsidies, and grant of licenses

Central Transmission Utility (CTU)

 Ensures development of an efficient, coordinated and economical system of inter-State transmission lines

Private / PPP

The Sector has opened for Private participation in both Inter state and intra state

State Transmission Utility (STU)

- Ensures development of an efficient, coordinated and economical system of intra-State transmission lines
- Undertakes intra-state transmission

National Load Dispatch Center (NLDC) / Regional Load Dispatch Center (RLDC)

Apex body ensuring integrated operations of power system at the regional level

State Load Dispatch Center (SLDC)

Apex body ensuring integrated operations of power system at the state level



Payment Pooling Mechanism Reduces Counterparty Risk

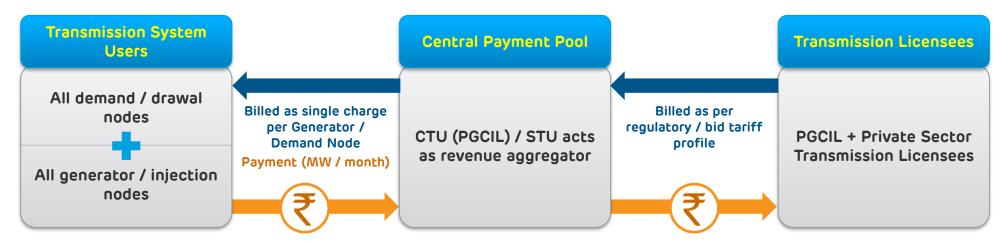
Payment pooling mechanism substantially reduces any counter party default risk – also mitigating concerns around receivables

Payment Pooling Mechanism

- Tariffs collected by either CTU (Inter-state) or STU (Intrastate) Transmission
- Collections distributed in proportion to ARR of each licensee
- No discretion to CTU / STU to withhold payments
- Counterparty risk linked to government owned entities

Credit Support Mechanism and Structural Support

- Transmission costs form lower proportion of the total costs
- Lack of alternate power off-take infrastructure
- Availability linked tariff not related to power flow
- Revolving Letter of Credit based payment mechanism

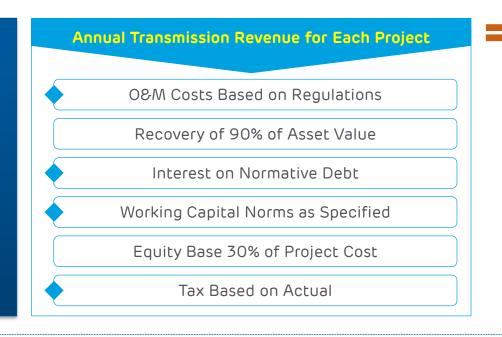




Transmission Business Model: Fixed Return (with Cost Pass-through) and Fixed Tariff

Both concession models provide significant visibility on cash flows with limited operational risk

Fixed Return Based Projects







Fixed Tariff Based Projects

Revenue Components _ |

(Fixed for life of the concession based on bid assumptions)

Fixed Annual

Tariff



(Linked to Inflation)
(Initial Year Fixed as

per Bid)

Escalable Tariff



(Linked to Actual visà-vis Normative Availability)

Incentives



Distribution Business Model: Fixed Return with Full Cost Pass-through

Perpetuity-type asset license with term renewed every 25 years and well-established tariff setting mechanism with fixed ROEs on Regulated Equity Base



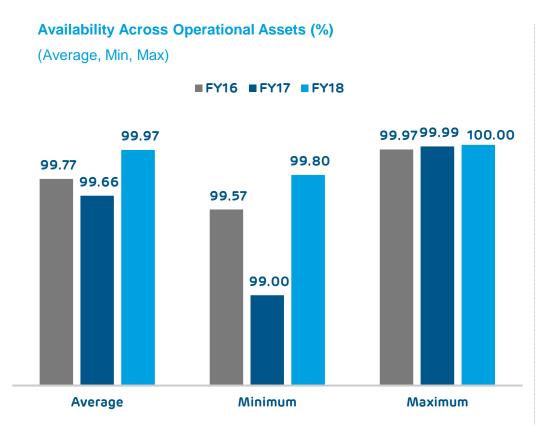
Incremental capex improves regulated cash flow with upside from efficiencies and non regulated returns

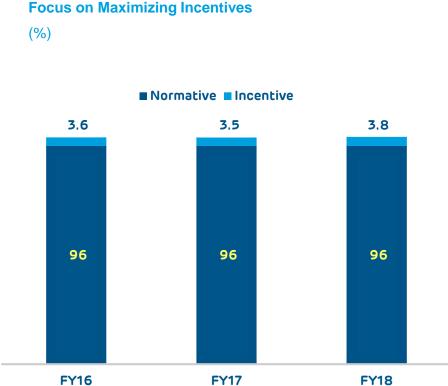




Strong Capabilities Underscored by Operating Performance

Consistent performance across all operational assets with 99.9% availability and focus on incentive maximization





Strong operational capabilities and incentive focus help drive efficiencies and margins.

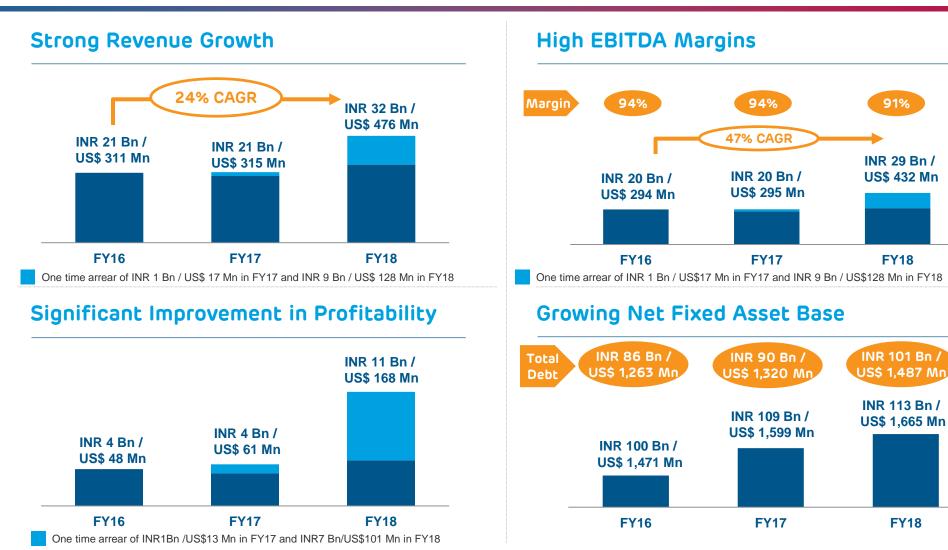


91%

FY18

FY18

ATL (Consolidated): Robust Historical Performance

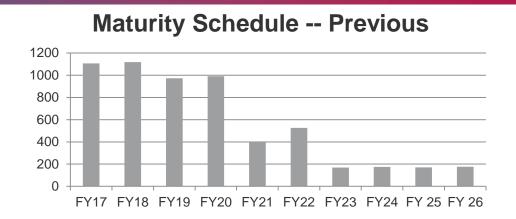


Note: US\$/INR: 68; 1. Revenue excludes Trading Revenue; 2. Per Indian Accounting Standard (IndAS); 3. EBITDA = PBT = Depreciation + Net Finance Costs; 4. Debt figures exclude Intra-Group Borrowings; 5. **Excludes BSES**

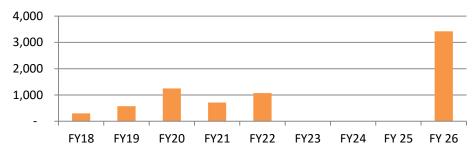


ATL- Debt Profile Obligor Group

ATL Debt Profile					
Year	Rs in Crs.				
Bank / Investor	FY16	FY17	FY18		
10 Yrs US Dollar Bond		3,418	3,368		
1st Debenture	500	500	500		
2nd Debenture	500	500	500		
3rd Debenture		165	165		
4th Debenture		750	750		
5th Debenture		500	500		
6th Debenture		1,000	750		
Masala Bond		500	450		
ECB	565				
RTL	4661				
Total Long term Debt	6,226	7,333	6,983		
Commercial Paper	1500	760	700		
Total Debt due	7,726	8,093	7,683		







Objective

To optimize interest cost and

To optimize maturity profile (with all refinancing within EBITDA envelop



Structural Protection to Debt Investors

No Greenfield Risk No capex for new projects to be undertaken in the Obligor Group

- Capex outside of Obligor Group limited by LRA provisions
- New projects can be added to Obligor Group only after they become operational, thus eliminating construction risk

Standard Project Finance Features

- Detailed information & compliance certificates
- Cashflow waterfall mechanism applies to Obligor Group
- Senior Debt Redemption Account with Cash Sweep mechanism for shortfall amount in compliance with Backstop Calculation

Covenants/ Undertaking

- DSCR test: minimum DSCR of 1.1x (distribution lock-up at DSCR of less than1.2x)
- Liquidity Reserve Account ("LRA") for funding SPV projects
- Limitation on transfer to Distributions Account subject to no default subsists, fully funded ISRA and LRA, compliance with Backstop Calculation
- Restriction on transaction with sponsor affiliates

License
Period linked
Amortisation
Mechanism

- Senior Debt Redemption account (forward looking)
 - Yearly calculation linked to operating parameters (EBITDA) determines debt capacity
 - Cash Sweep mechanism for shortfall amount in compliance with backstop calculation

Standard
Security and
Collateral
Package

- Common security package & sharing with other creditors of the Obligor Group
- Security structure enables protections under license for designated lenders

Cash Waterfall Mechanism

Taxes, Statutory requirements
& Operating Expenses



Senior Debt Payments (including hedging costs)



3 Transfers to Senior Debt Redemption Accounts subject to Backstop Calculation



Liquidity Reserve Account (LRA)



To Dictrib

To Distribution Account



ATL – An Excellent Investment Opportunity

Compelling Industry Fundamentals

- Strategically important sector in one of the world's fastest growing economies
- Significant generation capacity addition expected to drive sustained growth

Stable Regulatory Framework

- Well defined regulatory framework with established & predictable tariff policy framework
- Fixed returns with full cost pass through for building block assets
- Payment pooling mechanism and credit protection mechanism in the license reduces counterparty risk

Mature Operational Assets

- Completed assets with minimal ongoing maintenance requirements; long license period of 25 years with 10 year renewal option
- Consistently maintained availability & operating performance above regulatory requirements
- Stable and predictable cash flows

Robust Structural Protections

- Ring-fenced Obligor Group with documented accession framework for completed assets
- Structural Protection to Debt Investors

Investment Grade Rating

Rated investment grade with stable outlook by Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings and Moody's





Highly Experienced Board and Management Team

Esteemed Board Membership



Mr. Gautam Adani (Chairman)



Mr. Rajesh S. Adani



Mr. Anil Sardana (MD and CEO)



Mr. K. Jairaj



Dr. Ravindra H. Dholakia



Mrs. Meera Shankar

Strong Sponsorship

Executive Director

Independent Directors

Highly Experienced Management Team



Mr. Anil Sardana (MD and CEO)





Mr. Kaushal Shah (CFO)



Mr. Kandarp
Patel
(CEO
Distribution)



Mr. LN Mishra (COO - Project Head)



Mr. Vivek
Singla
(BD Head)



Mr. Sudhakar Budharaju (HR Head)



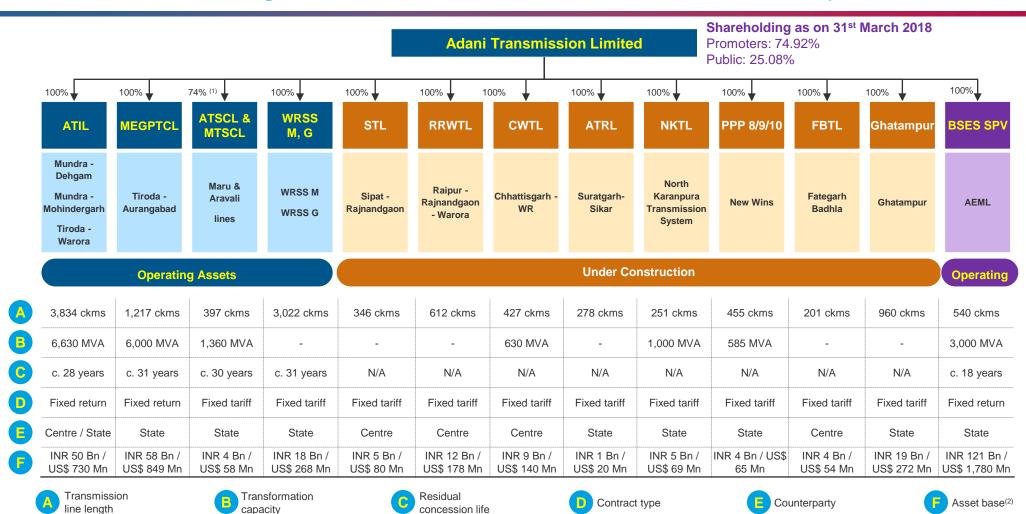






33

ATL: India's Largest Private Sector Transmission Player



Note: USD/INR: 68; ATIL - Adani Transmission (India) Limited; MEGPTCL - Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Co. Ltd.; STL - Sipat Transmission Limited; RRWLT - Raipur Rajnandgaon Warora Transmission Limited; CWTL - Chhattisgarh WR Transmission Limited; ATRL - Adani Transmission (Rajasthan) Limited; NKTL - North Karanpura Transco Limited; ATSCL - Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited; MTSCL - Maru Transmission Service Company Limited; WRSS M - Western Region System Strengthening Scheme Maharashtra, WRSS G - Western Region System Strengthening Scheme Gujarat, FBTL - Fategarh Badhla Transmission Limited. (1) Option to acquire balance 26% in a manner consistent with Transmission Service Agreement and applicable consents; (2) Asset base for operational assets as of Mar-2018; Under-construction assets - as per the final project cost; Mumbai GTD / BSES

– as per proposed funding plan.



ATL- Financial Summary

Rs in (
Particulars	FY16	FY17 (Obligor Group)	FY17 (Consol)	FY18 (Obligor Group)	FY18 (Consol)
Total Revenue *	2,273	2,804	2,785	2,992	3,183
Less: Opex	266	888	896	1,004	1,118
Operational EBIDTA	2,007	1,916	1,889	1,988	2,065
Add: Arrear		237	237	872	872
Reversal due to MERC Order (Previous year income)		(121)	(121)	-	-
EBITDA	2,007	2,032	2,005	2,860	2,937

* Includes	FY16	FY17 (Obligor Group)	FY17 (Consol)	FY18 (Obligor Group)	FY18 (Consol)
Conduit Income	149	756	756	816	816
Conduit Exp	149	755	755	816	816
Net Income of Conduit Transaction	0	1	1	1	1

Particulars	FY16	FY17 (Obligor Group)	FY17 (Consol)	FY18 (Obligor Group)	FY18 (Consol)
Net Worth	2672	2966	2947	5887	6056
Senior Secured Loan	7726	8093	9092	7683	10389
Long Term Loan	6226	7333	8332	6983	9689
Short Term Loan (Commercial Paper)	1500	760	760	700	700

Particulars	FY16	FY17 (Obligor Group)	FY17 (Consol)	FY18 (Obligor Group)	FY18 (Consol)
Ratio					
Debt to NetWorth	2.89	2.73	3.09	1.31	1.72
Debt to EBITDA	3.85	3.98	4.53	2.69	3.54

Conduit Transaction

As per metrics

Senior Secured Debt

As per metrics



ATL- Yearly Comparison – Obligor Group

			INR Crs
Particulars	FY16	FY17	FY18
Tariff Revenue	1,927	1,895	2015
Incentive	47	31	33
Conduit Turnover	149	756	816
Other Income	101	122	128
Total Income	2,224	2,804	2992
Less: 0&M	117	133	189
Less: Conduit Turnover	149	755	816
Operational EBIDTA	1,959	1,916	1988
Add: One Time Income	47	-	-
Add: Arrear	-	237	872
Reversal due to MERC Order (Previous year income)	-	(121)	-
EBITDA	2,006	2,032	2937
Interest	976	931	855
Depreciation	561	560	561
РВТ	469	541	1443
Tax	112	116	287
PAT	357	425	1156

Particulars	FY16	FY17	FY18
Senior Debt	7,726	8,093	7,683



Adani Transmission: Consolidated Historical Financials

Particulars (₹ in Cr)	FY 16	FY 17	FY 18
Revenue ⁽¹⁾	2,118	2,139	3,239
EBITDA	1,996	2,005	2,937
PAT	368	416	1,143
Basic and Diluted EPS (in ₹)	3.35	3.79	3.79
Net Fixed Assets (NFA)	10,005	10,875	11,323
Total Assets	11,746	12,811	17,265
Total Long Term (LT) Debt	5,740	8,044	9,418
Cash and Cash Equivalents	171	478	670
Total Net Long Term (LT) Debt	5569	7566	8748
Total Net Worth (TNW)	2,672	2,947	6,056
EBITDA / Interest	2.7x	2.4x	3.3x
Total Net LT Debt / EBITDA	2.8x	3.8x	3.0x
Total Net LT Debt / TNW	2.08x	2.6x	1.4x



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