

Covenant Compliance Certificate Mar 31, 2024

Adani Transmission Step-One Limited (Obligor Group)







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1. Executive Summary

1.1 Evolution of Adani Energy Solutions Limited ("AESL")

Adani Energy Solutions Limited ("AESL") (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited) is the Transmission, Distribution and Smart Meter business arm of the Adani Portfolio. AESL is the country's largest private transmission company, with a presence across 16 states of India and a cumulative transmission network of ~21,182 ckm, out of which ~ 19,067 ckm are operational and ~ 2,115 ckm are at various stages of construction. AESL also operates distribution business, serving more than 12 million consumers in Mumbai and Mundra SEZ. AESL is ramping up its smart metering business and is on course to become India's leading smart metering integrator with an order book of over 22.8 million meters. AESL, with its integrated offering through the expansion of its distribution network through parallel licenses and competitive and tailored retail solutions, including a significant share of green power, is revolutionizing the way energy is delivered to the end consumer. AESL is a catalyst for transforming the energy landscape in the most reliable, affordable, and sustainable way.

The transmission networks are consistently operating at more than 99.6% availability (FY23 – 99.7%). Our power transmission business in India focuses on the execution of new transmission systems under licensing from central and state electricity bodies, and Operations and Maintenance (O&M) of existing assets through outsourced partners.

In FY19, AESL forayed into the retail electricity distribution space with the acquisition of Mumbai's Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution (GTD) business license. Today, Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited (AEML) caters to over 12 Million+ consumers in the Mumbai suburbs and Mira-Bhayander Municipal Corporation in the Thane district with a distribution network spanning over 400 Sq. km. The distribution business maintained supply reliability at 99.99% along with collection efficiency in Distribution business was more than 100%. Further added MPSEZ Utilities Limited (MUL) asset facilitating distribution of electricity in Mundra SEZ area (8,481 hectares) as a distribution licensee. MUL distributed about 658 MUs (Mn units – Mar'24) with moderate distribution losses of 2.62% coupled with a medium-term power purchase arrangement.

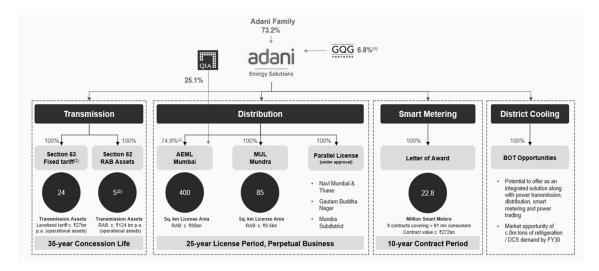


AESL recently entered the smart metering business and was awarded 9 contracts with total size of 22.8 million Smart Meters till Mar'2024. The smart metering projects were awarded to us under the Tariff based competitive bidding mechanism. The scope includes providing end-to-end smart metering services from development, operation and maintenance of smart meters, where all consumers points, distribution points and feeders will be smart metered to enable complete energy accounting with no manual intervention. The Company shall implement the Smart Metering Project on Design-Build-Finance-Own-Operate-Transfer (DBFOOT) basis.

We are poised to tap the addresses the vast headroom in India's transmission sector, with the objective to possess 30,000 ckm transmission assets and achieve distribution meeting 4.5 MVA per customer by 2030. Aligned with our business focus, we have developed the expertise in our people to create modern transmission assets for the nation, backed by efficient O&M support. Overall ESG framework is embedded as core business objective and committed to sustainable value-creation for all stakeholders coupled with strong governance and disclosures framework.



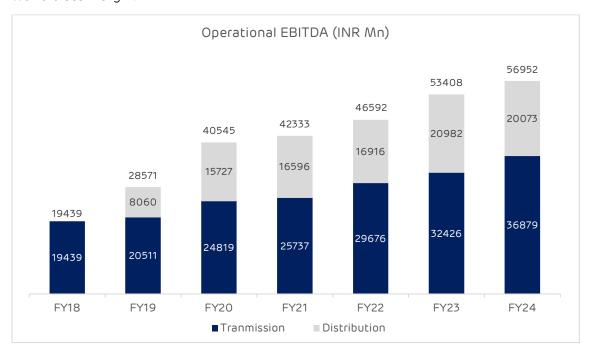
AESL business model as on 31st Mar'24:



Notes: 1) GQG Investment of Rs. 5,987 Cr (US\$ 720 million) for 6.81% stake based on closing price of Rs 1,026 dated March 29, 2023; 2) Primary Equity - QIA's Investment in AEML: US\$ 452 mn (Rs 32 bn) total investment (US\$ 170 mn of Equity and US\$ 282 mn of shareholder sub-debt) for 25.1% stake in AEML:; 3) Tariff based competitive bidding (TBCB); 4) Smart Meter Project details: (i) Brihanmumbai Electric Supply & Transport Undertaking (BEST) – 10.8 lakh smart meters (Rs 13 bn) (ii) Assam Power Distribution Company Limited (APDCL) – 7.7 Lakh smart meters (Rs. 8.5 bn) (iii) 3 Andhra Discoms – 41.23 Lakh smart meters (Rs 52 bn) (iv) 2 MSEDCL projects – 133.2 Lakh smart meters (Rs 160 bn), (v) NBPDCL - Bihar – 28 lakh meters (Rs 31 bn) (vi) Uttarakhand Power Corporation Limited (UPCL) – 6.5 lakh smart meters (Rs 8 bn); RAB: Regulatory Asset Base; AEML: Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited; MUL: MPSEZ Utility Limited; AMI: Advanced Metering Infrastructure; HVDC: High voltage direct current, LOA: Letter of Award, LOI: Letter of Intent; Ckm: Circuit Kilometer, SEZ: Special Economic Zone, Sq.Km: Square Kilometer; BOT: Build Own Transfer; BOOM: Build Own Operate Manage.

AESL's Growth Story:

In our continuous growth phase, the financial metrices has always been in the disciplined level. AESL, from its inception stage has been maintaining a high EBITDA performance with more than 90% margin in Transmission Business and more than 24% margin in Distribution business. AESL achieved 19.6% CAGR growth from FY18 to FY24 world class margin.





2006

Developed the 220KV transmission line for Mundra Thermal Power Station

2009

• Commissioned the first 400 kV transmission line (Mundra-Dehgam transmission line)

2010

 Commissioned FSC (Fixed series capacitor) at Sami S/S to support the evacuation system

2011

- Commissioned the 400KV Mahendragarh-Bhiwani transmission line
- Commissioned the 400KV Mahendragarh-Dhanoda transmission line

2012

- Commissioned first HVDC transmission line (+ 500 KV Mundra-Mahendragarh transmission line)
- Commissioned 400 kV
 Tiroda-Warora transmission line
- Completed of 400KV Kawai-Chhabra transmission line as an EPC contract

2013

 Conversion of Mundra system into ISTS (Inter-state transmission system) as a license company

2014

• Commissioned the first 765 kV transmission line (Tiroda-Aurangabad transmission line)

2015

- De-merger of Adani
 Transmission Limited (AESL)
 from Adani Enterprises Limited (AEL)
- Listing of AESL on the BSE and NSE Stock Exchanges
- Received award of STL (Sipat Transmission Ltd.), RRWTL (Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Ltd.) and CWRTL Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Ltd. projects

2016

- Received award of the ATRL project
- Received award of NKTL (North Karanpura Transco Ltd.) project
- Acquisition of GMR assets (MTSCL (Maru Transmission Service Company Limited) and ATSCL (Aravali Transmission Service Company Ltd.))
- Completion of 400KV Mundra-Zerda transmission line as an EPC contract



AESL's journey over the years

2017

- Received award of Public-Private Partnership (PPP) 8, 9 and 10 projects
- Acquisition of Reliance Infrastructure Limited's assets (WTGL (Western Transmission (Gujarat Ltd.) and WTPL (Western Transmission Power Ltd.))

2018

- Received award of FBTL (Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited), GTL (Ghatampur Transmission Limited) and OCBTL (Obra-C Badaun Transmission Limited) project
- Acquisition of Reliance
 Infrastructure Limited's Power
 Generation, Transmission
 Distribution Business in
 Mumbai
- Commissioned ATRL (Adani Transmission (Rajasthan) Ltd.)
 Project

2019

- Received award of Lol for KVTL (Kharghar Vikhroli Transmission Limited)
- Received award of Lol for LBTL (Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited) and JKTL (Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited)
- Received award of Lol for BKTL (Bikaner - Khetri Transmission Limited) and WTL (WRSS XXI (A) Transco Limited)
- Commissioned three intrastate transmission projects in Rajasthan - PPP 8, 9 and 10
- Commissioned the STL and RRWTL projects
- Acquisition of KEC asset (Adani Transmission Bikaner Sikar Private Limited)

2020

- Acquisition of Alipurduar Transmission Limited from KPTL (Kalapataru Power Transmission Limited)
- Acquisition of KVTL from Maharashtra State Electricity Transmission Company Ltd

2021

- Acquisition of Warora Kurnool Transmission Limited from Essel Infraprojects Ltd
- Commissioned Fatehgarh Bhadla Transmission Limited
- Commissioned Bikaner Khetri Transmission Limited
- Received Lol for MP Power Transmission Package II Limited
- Commissioned Ghatampur Transmission Limited (among India's largest intra state transmission lines)
- Received Lol for Khavda Khavda-Bhuj Transmission Limited
- Received Lol for Karur Transmission Limited
- Acquisition of MUL (MPSEZ Utilities Ltd) from APSEZ

2022

 Adani Transmission announced acquisition of Mahan Sipat Transmission Line from Essar Power for EV of Rs 1,913 Cr The transaction once completed will add 673 ckms to AESL's operational portfolio

2023

- Adani Transmission Won two transmission TBCB projects (Khavda II A and WRSR) and two smart metering projects (BEST and APDCL) during the year.
- AESL received the 'Emerging Company of the Year Award 2022' at the ET Awards on Corporate Excellence in recognition of its growth, scale, and sustainable business practices



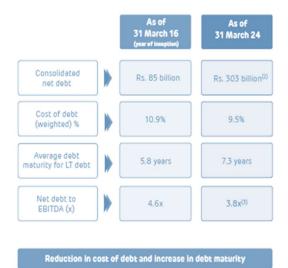
2024

- Received LOI for Sangod Transmission line & Khavda Phase-III Part-A & KPS 1 (Khavda Pooling Station) augmentation line.
- Commissioned largest 765 kV Warora-Kurnool transmission line strengthening the national grid and facilitating the seamless flow of 4,500 MW of power between Western and Southern regions and bolstering the Southern region's grid for efficient integration of renewable energy sources.
- The 765 kV KBTL (Khavda Bhuj line), with 217 circuit kilometers, will help evacuate about 3 GW of renewable energy from Khavda, Gujarat. The project will help shape one of the country's largest solar and wind farms.
- Commissioned 400 kV Kharghar-Vikhroli double circuit transmission line, establishing the first-ever high voltage 400 kV connection in Mumbai. This will enable an additional 1,000 MW power to be brought into Mumbai, thus meeting the city's fast-growing electricity demand
- Completed the Karur Transmission Ltd (KTL) project by establishing the 400/230 kV, 1000 MVA
 Pooling Station and an associated transmission line in Tamil-Nadu
- AESL was awarded 10 projects with total size of 22.8 million Smart Meters till Mar'2024.

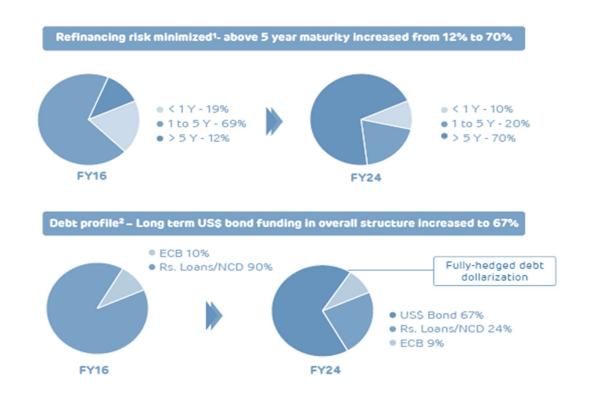
Financial Discipline:

In-spite of the high growth over past few years, AESL has sustained Development and Capex risk with High Credit Discipline.

AESL has significantly lowered its risk profile and has achieved following in the past 8 years:



- Robust growth pipeline through organic and in organic route
- Consistently maintained investment grade rating since 2016 and commitment to maintain investment grade rating going forward.
- 10% of total debt profile with short term maturity (<1 year);
- Refinancing risk minimized above 5-year maturity increased from 12% to 70%
- Fully tied up capex program for long term growth



Note: 1) Debt maturity in 1 to 5 year bucket is high due to bullet repayment due for Obligor-1 in August 2026 which will be refinanced through amortizing bond; 2) For Net Debt considered long-term debt and short-term debt excluding unsecured sub-debt from shareholder Rs. 2,352 Crs. in FY24; 3) For net debt to EBITDA calculation we have considered long term debt at hedge rate and excluded short-term debt and QIA sub-debt of Rs, 2,352 Cr in FY2

adani

Compliance Certificate - ATSOL Obligor Group

Sustainability:

The integrated ESG framework of AESL has resulted in access to larger pool of capital at reduced cost resulting into a value accretive return to the stakeholders. Few recent Initiatives taken are:

- AESL won the Global Sustainability Leadership Award 2023 from the World Sustainability Congress for outstanding leadership, commitment to reducing environmental impact, and dedication to promoting sustainable practices.
- CDP Climate Change 2023 score improves to B, surpassing the Asia regional average of C driven by environmental transparency and prompt actions on climate change.
- ESG score from Sustainalytics improves to 25.3 from 32.8, placing the company amongst the top 30 global utilities.
- Achieved a solid 'B' rating in the CDP Supply Chain Engagement score above the global average of 'C'
- Secured a 'B' rating in the CDP Water Security 2023 score, underscoring AESL's commitment to effective environmental management.

Recent Achievements and Awards:

- AEML ranked#1 utility (second year in a row) for 2023 in the 12th edition of Integrated Rating of Discoms (a joint study by Ministry of Power, McKinsey, Power Finance Corporation).
- Excellent Energy Efficient Unit Award in 24th National Award for Excellence in Energy Management 2023 from Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)
- The share of renewable power supplied to the Mumbai circle stands at 35% at the end of March 31, 2024, and on track to achieve 60% by FY27
- AEML, was rated 'A' in National Consumer Service Ratings by the Ministry of Power out of the 62 DISCOMs evaluated across India.
- "Platinum Award" for Occupational Health and Safety under the 8th Apex India Occupational Health and Safety Award 2023 by Apex India Foundation.
- Economic Times HR World honoured Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited in July'23 with the highest award in the category of Best Innovative Leadership Development Programme for Adani Electricity's 'AE-Marvels'.
- AEML, Mumbai's primary and most preferred power utility, is now also India's No.
 1 power utility, per the Ministry of Power's 11th Annual Integrated Rating and
 Ranking for Power Distribution, a report prepared by McKinsey & Company and
 PFC (the nodal agency).
- AESL received the 'Emerging Company of the Year Award 2022' at the ET Awards on Corporate Excellence in recognition of its growth, scale, and sustainable business practices.
- AESL won five 'Par-Excellence Award' at 9th National Conclave on 5S, organized by the prestigious Quality Circle Forum of India HQ (QCFI) demonstrating its unparallel commitment to business excellence.
- International Rating Agencies Affirms Rating With Upgraded "Stable" Outlook For AESL and AEML issuances



- AEML received the Confederation of Indian Industry 2023 DX Award in the Best Practices category as the Most Innovative Company for its unwavering commitment to innovation and excellence.
- Awarded "Excellence in Road Safety" and "Excellence in Innovation in Safety Technology" at the OSH India Awards.

Recent Development:

- Adani Energy Solutions Ltd. (AESL), with effect from July 27, 2023, is the new name for the erstwhile Adani Transmission Ltd. This has been done to reflect the company's overarching offering in multiple facets of the energy domain.
- Acquired Under construction transmission project KPS1 Transmission Limited from Megha Engineering & Infrastructures Limited.
- During the year, received contracts of 21 million meters from Andhra, Maharashtra, Bihar and Uttarakhand DISCOMs.
- During the year, added KPS 1 (Khavda Pooling Station), Sangod Transmission line, Khavda Phase – III, and Line & substation augmentation projects under RTM basis, with a total contract value of Rs ~4300 crore
- Operationalized Warora-Kurnool, Karur, Kharghar-Vikhroli, and Khavda-Bhuj lines during the year.
- Adani Electricity Mumbai successfully increased its renewable energy share in the overall electricity mix to an impressive 35%. AESL being the largest distributor in Mumbai, this achievement now positions the city as one of the world's highest procurers of renewable power (solar and wind) in the total mix, surpassing major global megacities. The share was only 3% in FY21. This noteworthy accomplishment underscores Adani Electricity Mumbai's commitment to sustainability and decarbonization of the grid. AESL remains committed to its target of 60% renewable share by FY27.



1.2 Adani Transmission Step-One Limited("ATSOL") Obligor Group

ATSOL along-with its 2 wholly owned subsidiaries Adani Transmission (India) Limited ("ATIL") and Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Company Limited ("MEGPTCL") formed an Obligor Group ("OG"). ATSOL OG group owned 4 ROA Assets as follows:

Sr.no	Asset Name	Regulator	License End Date
1	Mundra-Mohindergarh (HVDC Line)	CERC	Jul-38
2	Mundra-Sami-Dehgam Line	CERC	Jul-38
3	Tiroda-Warora Line	MERC	Jul-34
4	Tiroda-Aurangabad Line	MERC	Sep-35

All the assets are eligible for 10 years extension in license life

ATSOL OG has issued 2 international market 144A/RegS issuance as follows:

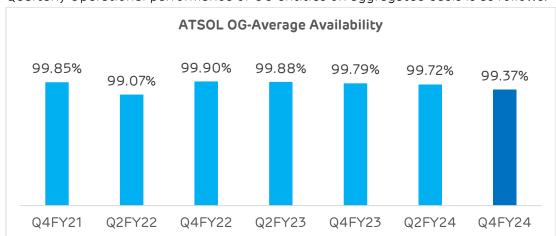
- 1. \$ 500 Mn issued in Aug-2016 having bullet maturity of 10 years maturing in Aug-26
- 2. \$ 500 Mn issued in Nov-2019 having amortizing structure of 16.5 years final maturity in May-2036 with weighted average maturity of 10.14 years.

1.2.1 Operation and Business Continuity:

We were successful in delivering strong and consistent operational performance for the period ended 31-Mar-2024.

Operating Performance:

Quarterly Operational performance of OG entities on aggregated basis is as follows:



• Average Availability for all four lines are historically above 99%+.

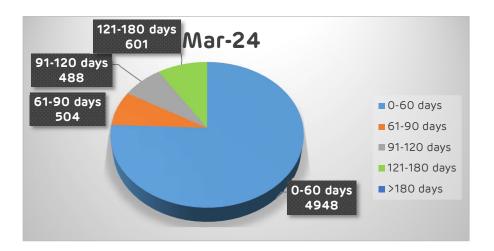


1.2.2 Financial Performance:

The overall financial performance of the obligor group had been in line our projected numbers.

The aggregated 12M trailing EBITDA for the year ended 31st March,24 is at INR 15,924

Receivable ageing profile:



						(INR Mn)
ATSOL OG	0-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	121-180 days	>180 days	Total Receivables
Mar-24	4948	504	488	601	=	6542
Sep-23	2589	504	488	1082	-	4664
Mar-23	3030	526	-	681	ı	4237
Sep-22	3649	1397	822	15	-	5883
Mar-22	3806	-	-	-	-	3806
Sep-21	4337	380	-	-	-	4717
Mar-21	4213	492	-	-	-	4705

Including one month of unbilled receivables

Received a regulatory order from Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission related to MEGPTCL and ATIL lines for the Maharashtra-based assets, enabling the realization of INR 15 Bn in past revenue gap across two years.



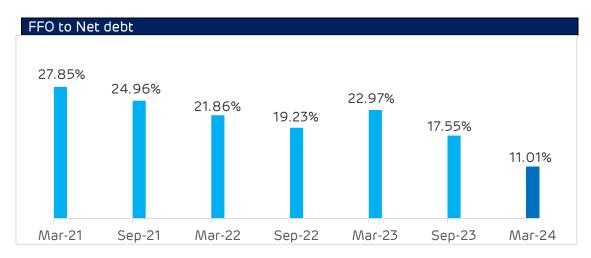
1.3 Summary of Key Covenants

The Obligor Group (as "OG") on aggregate basis has constantly achieved financial performance.

1) Financial Mix

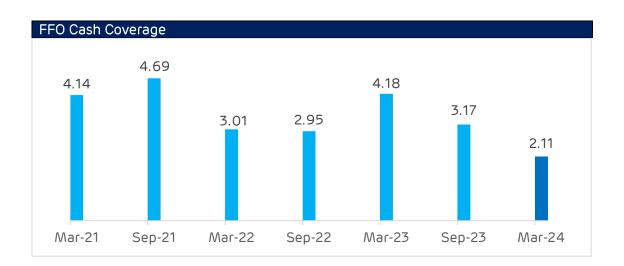
Summary of the covenant						
Particulars	Sep-23	Mar-24				
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) (Refer Annexure-1)	2.47	1.72				
FFO / Net Debt (Refer Annexure- 2)	17.55%	11.01%				
FFO Cash Interest (Refer Annexure- 3)	3.17	2.11				





Note: The covenants of March'24 are lower as compared to previous periods due to the carving out of Adani Energy Solutions Limited from the Obligor group. During that period, treasury income of AESL was being included in the FFO & EBITDA calculation as AESL was a part of Obligor group. Henceforth, the covenants will maintain consistency.







2. Information on Compliance Certificate and Its Workings

To:
IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited (the "Security Trustee")
Madison Pacific Trust Limited (the "Note Trustee")
Note Holders for U.S. \$ 500,000,000 Senior Secured Notes Due 2026 and U.S. \$ 500,000,000 Senior Secured Notes Due 2036
From:
Adani Transmission Step-One Limited
Adani Transmission (India) Limited (as Obligor) and
Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Limited (as Obligor)
Dated:
Dear Sirs

ADANI TRANSMISSION LIMITED – Common Terms Deed dated 29^{th} July, 2016 (the "Common Terms Deed") and ADANI TRANSMISSION STEP-ONE LIMITED-AMENDED AND RESTATED COMMON TERMS DEED dated 4^{th} July, 2022

We refer to the Common Terms Deed and Amended and Restated Common Terms Deed. This is a Compliance Certificate given in respect of the Calculation Date occurring on March 31, 2024. Terms used in the Common Terms Deed shall have the same meaning in this Compliance Certificate.

The Certificate is based on the following documents:

- Financial Audited Accounts of Restricted Group for 12 months period ended on March 31, 2024
- 2. The Cash Flow Waterfall Mechanism as detailed in the Project Account Deed

We hereby make the Operating Account Waterfall and distributable amount Calculation.

1. Computation of Operating Account Waterfall as per Note Trust Deed

Operating Account Waterfall for the Calculation Period						
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source				
Net Revenue	18,355	Working Note 1				
Less:						
O&M Expenses & Statutory Dues	(3,744)	Working Note 2				
Change in Working Capital	5,595	Working Note 4				
Cash Available for Debt Servicing (A)	20,206					
Debt Servicing:						
Interest Servicing	(6,932)	Cash Flow Statement				
Principal Servicing	(2,266)					
Total(B)	(9,198)					
Addition in Debt Service Reserve Account(C)	-	Working Note 5				
Cash Available for LRA and Distribution Account(A+B+C)	11,008					

Details of Cash Balance in Project Accounts as per Clause 1(C)(iii) of Schedule 3 (Undertakings) of Common Terms Deed

Details of Cash Balance in Various Projects Accounts							
Project Account Name Amount (INR Mn) Source							
Debt Service Reserve Account	800	Working Note 6					
Liquidity Reserve Account	-	Not Required post Restructuring					
Other Cash and Bank Balance	1,172	Working Note 6					
Total							

We confirm that:

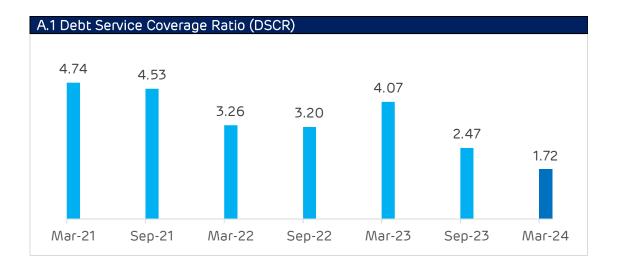
- (a) in accordance with the workings set out in the attached Annexure 1, the Debt Service Cover Ratio for the Calculation Period ended on the relevant Calculation Date was 1.72:1.
- (b) Copies of the Issuers audited Aggregated Accounts in respect of the Calculation Period is attached.
- (c) as at the Calculation Date, the aggregate amount transferred to our Distributions Account in accordance with the Operating Account Waterfall is Nil.
- (d) to the best of our knowledge having made due enquiry, no Default subsists.

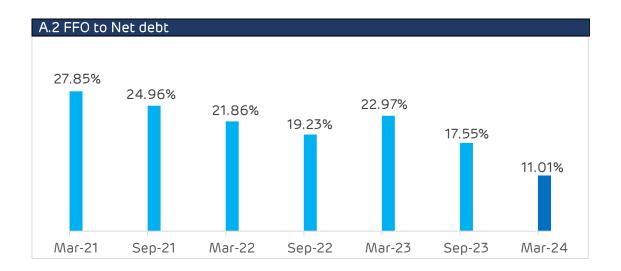
2. Summary of the Covenant

Summary of the covenant								
Particulars	Sep-21	Mar-22	Sep-22	Mar-23	Sep-23	Mar-24		
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) (Refer Annxure-1)	4.53	3.26	3.20	4.07	2.47	1.72		
FFO / Net Debt (Refer Annexure - 2)	24.96%	21.86%	19.23%	22.97%	17.55%	11.01%		
FFO Cash Interest (Refer Annexure - 3)	4.69	3.01	2.95	4.18	3.17	2.11		

Note: The covenants of March'24 are lower as compared to previous periods due to the carving out of Adani Energy Solutions Limited from the Obligor group. During that period, treasury income of AESL was being included in the FFO & EBITDA calculation as AESL was a part of Obligor group. Henceforth, the covenants will maintain consistency.

3. Financial Matrix







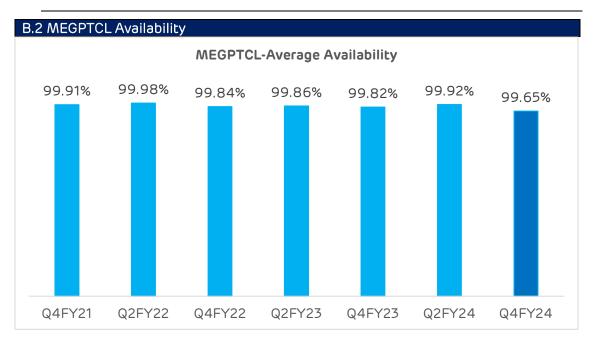


4. Operational Performance (Availability)



Note: ATIL consist of three lines – Mundra-Mohindargharh (HVDC), Mundra Dehgam (HVAC) and Tiroda-Warora (AC). Above table depicts average combined availability. Below are average availability of individual lines.

	HVDC (M-M)		HVDC (M-M) HVAC (MSD)		AC (T-W)		Overall
Period	Average	Normative	Average	Normative	Average	Normative	Average
Q4FY21	99.70%	96.00%	99.82%	98.50%	99.87%	99.00%	99.80%
Q2FY22	94.95%	96.00%	99.63%	98.50%	99.93%	99.00%	98.17%
Q4FY22	99.96%	96.00%	99.98%	98.50%	99.97%	99.00%	99.97%
Q2FY23	100.00%	96.00%	99.77%	98.50%	99.91%	99.00%	99.89%
Q4FY23	99.96%	96.00%	99.53%	98.50%	99.81%	99.00%	99.77%
Q2FY24	98.53%	96.00%	100.00%	98.50%	100.00%	99.00%	99.51%
Q4FY24	98.77%	96.00%	99.17%	98.50%	99.34%	99.00%	99.09%



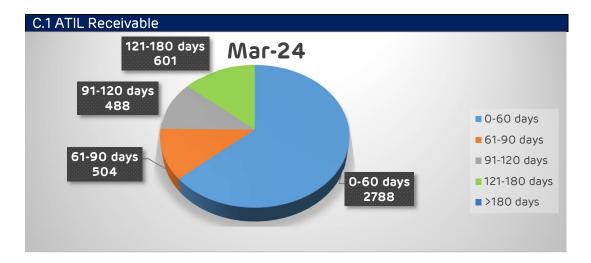
• Availability is historically above 99.5%.

MEGPTCL (T-A)							
Period	Average	Normative					
Q4FY21	99.91%	99.00%					
Q2FY22	99.98%	99.00%					
Q4FY22	99.84%	99.00%					
Q2FY23	99.86%	99.00%					
Q4FY23	99.82%	99.00%					
Q2FY24	99.92%	99.00%					
Q4FY24	99.65%	99.00%					

Entitled to receive the Incentive Over and above Normative Availability in each line.



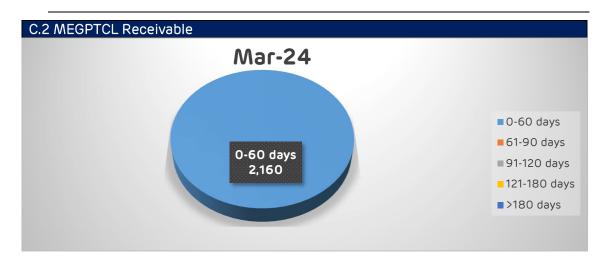
5. Receivable Ageing



(INR Mr								
ATIL	0-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	121-180 days	>180 days	Total Receivables		
Mar-24	2788	504	488	601	-	4382		
Sep-23	1199	504	488	1082	-	3274		
Mar-23	1779	526	-	681	-	2986		
Sep-22	2126	635	583	15	-	3358		
Mar-22	1784	-	-	-	-	1784		
Sep-21	2282	380	-	-	-	2662		
Mar-21	2233	492	-	-	-	2725		

Including one month of unbilled receivables

The Receivable Profile of the company is in line with management's estimations.



(INR Mn)								
MEGPTCL	0-60 days	61-90 days	91-120 days	121-180 days	>180 days	Total Receivabl es		
Mar-24	2160	-	-	-	-	2160		
Sep-23	1390	-	-	-	-	1390		
Mar-23	1251	-	-	-	-	1251		
Sep-22	1524	762	240	-	-	2525		
Mar-22	2022	-	-	-	-	2022		
Sep-21	2055	-	-	-	-	2055		
Mar-21	1980	-	-	-	-	1980		

Including one month of unbilled receivables

Signed:

For Adani Transmission Step-One Limited

Authorized Signatory

Encl:

- 1) Computation of Debt Service Reserve Account
- 2) Covenant Calculations
- 3) Back-Stop Calculation
- 4) Obligor's Aggregated Accounts



Computation of Debt Service Cover Ratio as per Clause 1(C)(ii) of Schedule 3 (Undertakings) of Common Terms Deed

Debt Service Cover Ratio Calculation as on 31-Mar-2024			
Calculation Period: 1-Apr-2023 to 31-Mar-2024			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Opening Cash Balance*	1,041	Working Note 12	
Combined EBITDA	15,924	Working Note 7	
Less: Tax Paid	(1,312)	Cash Flow Statement	
Less: RCF Interest	(264)	P&L Schedule 37	
Cash Flow Available for Debt Servicing (A)	15,388		
Debt Servicing:			
Interest Servicing	6,668	Cash Flow Statement excluding RCF Interest	
Principal Servicing	2,266		
Total(B)	8,934		
DSCR (A/B)		1.72	
* Unencumbered Opening cash balance as on 01-04-2023			



Covenant Calculation

Fund from Operation to Net Debt Ratio (FFO/Net Debt) as on 31-Mar-2024		
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source
Combined EBITDA	15,924	Working Note 7
Less: Tax Paid	(1,312)	Cash Flow Statement
Less: Interest Servicing	(6,932)	Cash Flow Statement
FFO(A)	7,679	
Total Debt	71,726	Working Note 8
Less: Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,972)	Working Note 9
Net Debt (B)	69,754	
FFO/Net Debt(A/B)		11.01%



Covenant Calculation

Fund from Operation to Cash Interest Ratio as on 31-Mar-2024			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Combined EBITDA	15,924	Working Note 7	
Less: Tax Paid	(1,312)	Cash Flow Statement	
Less: Interest Servicing	(6,932)	Cash Flow Statement	
FFO(A)	7,679		
Interest Servicing (B)	6,932	Cash Flow Statement	
FFO Cash Interest (A+B)/(B)		2.11	



Backstop Calculation

Backstop Calculation as on 31-March-2024		
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	
Weighted Average Life (WALL)		
Σ (EBIDTA * Weighted Average Life) (A)	198,280	
Σ ΕΒΙΟΤΑ (Β)	15,862	
Weighted Average Life (WALL) (A/B)	Sep-36	
Sweep Covenant		
Backstop Date (1 year Prior to the WALL)	Sep-35	
Backstop Period Start Date (10 year prior to the Backstop Date)	Sep-25	
Sweep Covenant i.e Senior Debt Redemption Amount (Applicable or Not Applicable)	Not Applicable	



Working notes

Working Note 1-Revenue Net off Trading Revenue			
Particulars Amount (INR Mn) Source			
Total Revenue(A)	22,061	P&L Statement	
Trading Revenue(B) 3,706		P&L Statement	
Net Revenue(A-B)	18,355		

Working Note 2-0&M Expenses & Statutory Dues			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Employee Benefits Expense(A)	1,023	P&L Statement	
Other Expenses(B)	1,409	P&L Statement	
Taxes Paid (C)	1,312	Cash Flow Statement	
Total (A+B+C)	3,744		

Working Note 3-Increase in Working Capital Loan			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Working Capital Loan as on March,2023			
Secured Borrowings from Banks*	4,170	Balance Sheet Schedule 27	
Unsecured Borrowings from Banks	-	Balance Sheet Schedule 27	
Total	4,170		
Working Capital Loan as on March,2024			
Secured Borrowings from Banks	4,350	Balance Sheet Schedule 27	
Unsecured Borrowings from Banks	-	Balance Sheet Schedule 27	
Total	4,350		
Increase in Working Capital Loan*	180		
*Secured Borrowings include Working Capital Loans after considering the Restructuring and Novation of the Dollar Bond			



Working Note 4-Change in Working Capital			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets:			
Trade Receivables	(573)	Cash Flow Statement	
Other financial assets and other assets	6,345	Cash Flow Statement	
Inventories	(9)	Cash Flow Statement	
Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:			
Trade Payables	(312)	Cash Flow Statement	
Other financial liabilities, other liabilities and provision	(35)	Cash Flow Statement	
Working Capital Loan	180	Working Note 3	
Total Changes in Working Capital	5,595		

Working Note 5-Addition in Debt Service Reserve Account		
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source
Debt Service Reserve Account as on March,23	800	
Debt Service Reserve Account as on March,24	800	
Addition in Debt Service Reserve Account	-	

Working Note 6-Cash and Bank Balance			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Investments	1,061	Balance Sheet Schedule 7 & 13	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	20	Balance Sheet Schedule 15	
Other Bank balances	0	Balance Sheet Schedule 16	
Fixed Deposits	891	Balance Sheet Schedule 9	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalent (A)	1,972		
Cash and Cash Equivalent Allocation for:			
Debt Service Reserve Account(B)	800	Working note 5	
Balance Cash and Cash Equivalent(A-B)	1,172		



Working Note 7 -Combined EBITDA			
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source	
Profit Before Tax	3,004	P&L Statement	
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	5,764	P&L Statement	
Finance Costs	7,155	P&L Statement	
EBITDA	15,924		

Working Note 8-Total Debt			
Particulars Amount (INR Mn) Source			
USD Bonds	67,376	Working Note 10	
Other Short-term Debt	4,350	Balance Sheet Schedule 27	
Total Debt	71,726		

Working Note 9-Cash and Cash Equivalents and Free Cash Flow from Subsidiaries				
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,972	Working Note 6		
Free Cash Flow from subsidiaries	-	Working Note 11		
Total	1,972			

Working Note 10-USD Bonds as per Hedge Rate					
Hedge Instrument	Amount (USD Mn.)	Hedge Rate	Amount (INR Mn.)		
Principal only Swap	892.50	75.49	67,376		
Total USD Debt			67,376		

Working Note 11-Free Cash Flow from subsidiaries		
Subsidiary	Amount (INR Mn.)	
Nil		
Total	0	
Note: Post Restructuring, ATSOL Obligor Group has no investment or other direct relation.		



Working Note 12-Opening Cash Balance as on 1-April-2023				
Particulars	Amount (INR Mn)	Source		
Investments	909	Balance Sheet Schedule 7 & 13		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	105	Balance Sheet Schedule 15		
Other Bank balances	827	Balance Sheet Schedule 9 & 16		
Total(A)	1,841			
Encumbered Opening cash balance (Balances held as Margin Money) (B)	800			
Unencumbered Opening cash balance(A-B)	1,041			



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SPECIAL PURPOSE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors **Adani Energy Solutions Limited**Ahmedabad.

Report on the Audit of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the twelve months ended 31st March 2024.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying special purpose combined financial statements of **Adani Transmission Step-One Limited**, **Adani Transmission (India) Limited** and **Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Company Limited** (collectively, the "Obligor Group") as described in note [1] of the special purpose combined financial statements, which comprise the Combined Balance Sheets as at 31st March 2024, the Combined Statement of Profit and Loss [including other comprehensive Income/(Loss)], the Combined Statement of Changes in Equity and the Combined Statement of Cash Flows for the twelve months ended 31st March 2024 and notes to the special purpose combined financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (collectively, the "Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the basis set out in note [2.2] to the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) and other pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Obligor Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Use

We draw attention to note [2.1 and 2.2] to the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements, which describes the purpose and basis of preparation. The Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements have been prepared for the purpose of Lenders requirements in relation to already issued USD denominated Notes by the Obligor Group. As a result, the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

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Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SPECIAL PURPOSE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Management's Responsibility for the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements

The Board of Directors of the Obligor Group are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Obligor Group in accordance with the basis stated in Note [2.2] to the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the purpose set out in "Emphasis of Matter- Basis of Accounting and Restriction on Distribution and Use" paragraph above.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Obligor Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Obligor Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements by the Directors of the Obligor Group, as aforesaid.

In preparing the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements, Directors of the Obligor Group are responsible for assessing the Obligor Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Obligor Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors of the Obligor Group are also responsible for overseeing the Obligor Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs and other pronouncements issued by ICAI will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements.



303/304, "Milestone", Nr. Drive-in-Cinema, Opp T.V. Tower, Thaltej, Ahmedabad – 380054 **Phone**: 91-79-27474466, **Email**: <u>info@dharmeshparikh.net</u>, **Website**: <u>www.dharmeshparikh.net</u>



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SPECIAL PURPOSE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs and other pronouncements issued by ICAI, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Obligor Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Obligor Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Obligor Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SPECIAL PURPOSE COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: 18.05.2024



For, Dharmesh Parikh & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants FRN: 112054W/W100725

Chirag & shoe.

(CA. CHIRAG SHAH)
Partner
Membership No. 122510.
UDIN - 24122510BKAS075760



orticulars	Notes	As at 31st March, 2024 (7 in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
SSETS			
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	6.1	54,129.1	59,593
Capital Work-In-Progress	6.2	335.9	270
Right of Use Assets (Net)		78.3	100
Goodwill		3,139.0	3,139
Other Imtangible As sets	6.3	55.9	57
Financi al Assets			
(i) Investments	7	902.8	792
(ii) Loans	8	24,496.5	6,807
(iii) Other Financial Assets	9	6,092.7	12,295
Income Tax Assets (Net)	10	180.1	163
Other Mon-current Assets	11	9,645.5	9,480
Total Non-current A	ssets	99,055.8	92,700
Current Assets			
Invento ries	12	400.1	390
Financial Assets			
(i) Investmens	13	158.3	116
(ii) Trade Receivables	14	4,538.0	3,964
(iii) Cash andCash Equivalents	15	19.5	104
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	16	0.4	C
(v) Loans	17	3.6	6
(vi) Other Financial Assets	18	8,836.1	8,74
Other Current Assets	19	202.5	117
Total Current A	ssets	14,158.5	13,446
Total A	ssets	1,13,214.3	1,06,146
UITY AND LIA BILITIES	****	**************************************	
Equity			
Share C apital	20	0.1	C
Instrum ent Entirely Equity in Nature	21	33,400.0	25,000
Other E quity	22	(13,389.8)	
Total E	_	20,010.3	(14,402 1 0,59 7
Liabilities		20,010.3	10,597
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
- Borrowings	23	73,276.2	75,469
- Other Financial Liabilities	24	137.3	-
Provisions	25	276.9	278
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	26	9,404.5	9,442
Total Non-current Liabi Current Liab ilities	iities	83,094.9	85,190
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	27	6,827.5	6,610
(ii) Trade Payables			_
 Total outstaiding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; 	28	9.8	6
-To tal outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterpri and small enterprises	ses	1,068.1	1,374
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	29	1,851.2	2,094
Other Current Liabilities	30	283.7	193
Provisio ns	25	39.2	41
Current Tax liabilities (Net)	31	29.6	40
Total Current Liabi	lities —	10,109.1	10,358
TOUR CONTENT LIGHT		10,103.1	10,556.
Total Equity and Liabi	DM	1,13,214.3	1,06,146

As per our attached report of even date

For Dharmesh Pa∉ikh & Co.lLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 11 2054W/W100725

of Steal

CHIRAG SHAH

Partner

Membership No. 7 22510

PARIKA FRN 112054W/ VV100725 end Accoun

See accompanyin g notes forming part of the Obligor Group Special Purpose Combined Financial statements

Place : Ahmedab ad Date: May 18, 2024 For and on behalf of the board of directors of Adani Energy Solutions Limited

(Formerly Known as Adani Transmission Limited)

ANIL SARDANA Managing Director

DIN 00006867

JALADHI SHUKLA Company secretary

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024

KUNJAL MEHTA Chief Financial Officer



Obligor Group Special Purpos € Combined Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2024

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (ኛ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
Income			
Revenue from Operations			
(i) From Transmission Business	32	16,954.2	22,268.9
(ii) From Trad ing Business	33	3,705.8	3,625.2
Other Income	34	1,401.0	2,867.2
Total	Income	22,061.0	28,761.3
Expenses			
Purchase of Stock-in Trade	35	3,705.2	3,624.1
Employee Bernefits Expense	36	1,022.6	946.8
Finance Costs	37	7,155.1	7,419.1
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	6.1 & 6.3	5,764.4	5,747.2
Other Expens €s	38	1,409.3	1,308.2
Total Ex	penses _	19,056.6	19,045.4
Profit Before Tax and before deferred assets recoverabl	e	3,004.4	9,715.9
Tax Expense:	39	The state of the s	
Current Tax		1,285.8	2,120.8
Deferred Tax	_	(38.2)	42.1
Total Tax Ex	penses _	1,247.6	2,162.9
Profit After Ta≭ and before deferred assets recoverable /adjustable for the year		1,756.8	7,553.0
Deferred asset≤ recoverable / adjustable	_	(38.2)	42.1
Profit After Ta≮ for the year	-	1,718.6	7,595.1
Other Comprehensive in come/(Loss) (a) Items that w ill not be reclassified to Profit or Loss	•		
- Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plans (b) Tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to Pr	ofit or Loss	(8.0) 1.3	0.4 (0.3)
(c) Items that w ill be reclassified to profit or loss - Effective portion of gains and losses on designated por of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge		(837.7)	(830.3)
(d) Tax relating to items that will be reclassified to Profit	or Loss	-	-
Total Other Comprehensive Loss (Net of Tax) for the year	ar _	(844.4)	(830.2)
Total Comprehensive I	ncome	874.2	6,764.9

Summary of mater al accounting policies information

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See accompanying notes forming part of the Obligor Group Special Purpose Combined Financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Dharmesh Pari kh & Co. LLP

Chartered Account ants

Firm Registration Number: 112054W/W100725

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 202-4

CHIRAG SHAH

Partner

Membership No. 1≥2510

For and on behalf of the board of directors of Adani Energy Solutions Limited

(Formerly Known as Adani Transmission Limited)

ANIL SARDANA Managing Director

DIN 00006867

JALADHI SHUKLA Company secretary

Place : Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024 Chief Financial Officer





	Particulars .	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
		(₹ in Million)	(で in Million)
	Cash flows from ope rating activities		
	Profit before tax	3,004.4	9,715.9
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	5,764.4	5,747.2
	Gain on Sale/Fair Value of Current Investments measured at FVTPL	-	(212.0)
	Finance Costs	7,155.1	7,419.1
	Interest income	(1,377.3)	(2,626.1)
	Loss on sale of F ixed Asset	0.4	1.8
	Unclaimed Liabil īties / Excess provision written back	10.3	-
(Operating profit before working capital changes	14,557.3	20,045.9
	Movement in Working Capital:		20,043.7
	(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets :		
	Trade Receivables	(573.3)	(1 77E 1
			(1,775.1)
	Other financial a ssets and other assets	6,344.8	(4,469.0)
	Inventories	(9.3)	(79.6)
	Increase / (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities :		
	Trade Payables	(312.4)	681.2
	Other financial li abilities, other liabilities and provision	(34.9)	(369.0)
	Cash generated/ (used) from operations	19,972.2	14,034.4
	Less: Income tax es paid (Net)	(1,312.1)	(1,737.5)
	Net cash flows (≈used in)/generated from operating activities (A)	18,660.1	12,296.9
	Out the story is a supplier and below		
3.	Cash flow from i envesting activities Purchase of Property, Plantand Equipment (including Capital Work-in-progress, other intangible	(492.2)	(832.6)
	assets, capital ad vances and capital creditors)	(4,2,2,2)	(0)2.0)
	Investment in Su bsidaries	_	(26.2)
	Investment in Op tionally Convertible Debentures of Subsidiary Company	-	(78.0)
	Investment in Co mpulsor Convertible Debentures of Subsidiary Company	8,400.0	(, 5, 5)
	Sale/(Purchase) of current investment (net)	5,400.0	(3.9)
	Proceeds from / (Deposits in) Bank deposits (net) (Including Margin money deposit)	0.0	
		(149.3)	(792.7)
	Sale/(Purchase) of Non Current Investments (Contingency Reserve)	•	(198.5)
	Interest received	934.5	685.6
	Non-current loan's given	(24,268.0)	(29,579.0)
	Non-current Loams received back	7,088.1	18,114.8
	Current Loans (g i ven) / received back (Net)	2.9	(4,693.4)
	Net cash flows f@om/(used in) investing activities (B)	(8,484.0)	(17,403.9)
C.	Cash flow from F inancing activities		
	Payment for Lease Liability including interest	(59.5)	(66.6)
	Proceeds from of Long- term borrowings	18,528.9	22,772.4
	Repayment of Lo ang-termborrowings	(21,978.4)	(20,274.0)
	Proceeds/(repayrment) from Short- term borrowings	180.2	(35.5)
	Proceeds from is ≤ue of share capital		38,500.0
	Proceeds from is Sue of Unsecured Perpetual Equity Instrument		80.0
	Repayment of Un secured Perpetual Equity Instrument (including distribution & net of tax)	_	
		(6.072.4)	(30,756.4)
	Finance Costs Pa id	(6,932.4)	(5,060.0)
	Net cash flows u sed in financing activities (C)	(10,261.2)	5,159.9
	Net increase / (d	(85.1)	52.9
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	104.6	51.7
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	19.5	104.6
	•	As at	As at
	Cash and Cash Equivalents Includes (Refer Note 15)	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
		(₹ in Million)	(で in Million)
	Balances with Bainks		**************************************
		19.5	104.6
	- In Current Acco tents		
	Total	19.5	104.6





Obligor Group

Special Purpose Combine d Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31st March, 2024



Notes to Statement of Cash Flows:

i) The Consolidated Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 on Cash Flow Statements notified under Section 133 of The Companies Act 2013, read together with Paragraph 7 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended).

ii) Disclosure under Para 44A as set out in Ind AS on cash flow statements under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2017 (as amended) is given below:

iii) Interest accrued on Inter Corporate Deposit ("ICD") taken from related parties amounting to ₹28.33 Millions (Previous year - ₹49.67 Millions), have been converted to Inter Corporate Deposit as on the reporting date as per the terms of Contract.

iv) Interest accrued on Int er Corporate Deposit ("ICD") given to related parties amounting to ₹ 508.75 Millions (Previous year - ₹ 96.68 Millions), have been converted to Inter Corpor ⇒te Deposit as on the reporting date as per the terms of Contract.

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(₹ in Millions)

Particulars	1st April, 2023	Cash Flows (Net)	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)	Other	31st March,2024
Long-term Borrowings (Including Current M aturities of Long Term Debt)	77,910.1	(3,449.5)	1,292.9	-	75,753.5
Short term Borrowings	4,170.0	180.2	-	-	4,350.2
Total:	82,080.1	(3,269.3)	1,292.9	•	80,103.7

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(₹ in Millions)

Particular s	1st April, 2022	Cash Flows (Net)	Unrealised Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)	Other *	31st March,2023
Long-term Borrowings (Including Current Maturities of Long Term Debt)	76,350.2	2,498.4	(5,999.8)	5,061.3	77,910.1
Short term Borrowings	10,979.5	(35.5)	-	(6,773.9)	4,170.0
Unsecured perpetual Equity Instrument including Distribution (Net of Tax)	31,312.7	(30,754.5)	-	(558.2)	-
Total:	1,18,642.3	(28,291.6)	(5,999.8)	(2,270.8)	82,080.1

^{*} Including Distribution on Perpetual Equity Instrument.

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112054W/

W100725

See accompanying notes Formingpart of the Obligor Group Special Purpose Combined Financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number : 112054W/W100725

CHIRAG SHAH

Partner

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: May 18, 2024

Membership No. 122510

For and on behalf of the board of directors of $% \left(t\right) =\left(t\right) \left(t\right)$

Adani Energy Solutions Limited

(Formerly Known as Adani Transmission Limited)

ANIL SARDANA

Managing Director

DIN 00006867

JALADHI SHUKLA
Company secretary

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024 KUNJAL MEHTA
Chief Financial Officer



A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars=	No. Shares	(₹ in Million)
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	1,09,98,10,083	10,998.1
Changes in equity share capital d suring the year:		
Issued of shares during the year	1,56,82,600	156.8
Add :On account of restructuring	10,000	0.1
(Less) : On account of restructuring	(1,11,54,92,683)	(11,154,9)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	10,000	0.1
Changes in equity share capital d suring the year:		
Add : Issued during the year	-	
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	10,000	0.1

B. Unsecured Perpetual Equity Insstrument

Particulars	(₹ in Million)
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	31,312.7
i) Add: Availed during the year	80.0
ii) Add: Distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Equity Instrument (Net of Tax)	198.0
lii) (Less): Repaid during the year	(30,754.5)
iv) (Less): Conversion during the p eriod / year	(836.2)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	•
i) Add: Availed during the year	•
ii) Add: Distribution on Unsecured Perpetual Equity Instrument (Net of Tax)	
fii) Less: Repaid during the year	
iv) Less: Conversion to ICD during the year	-
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	-

C. Other Equity

										(₹ In Million)
Particulars				Reserve and	l Surplus				Item of other Comprehensive Income	Total
Paracolais	Capital Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earning	Contingency Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Self Insurance Reserve	Restructuring reserve	Other equity	Effective portion of cashflow Hedge	10081
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	114.7	12,019.5	7,777.4	894.5	24,365.3	186.5			(1,596.3)	43,761.6
Profit for the year			7,595.1					-		7,595.1
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (Net of tax)	-	-	0,1	-	-	-	-	•	(830.3)	(830.2)
Transfer from Retained Earning to Contingenty Reserve	-	•	(162.4)	162.4					-	-
(Less): Distribution on Unsecured Perpewal Equity instrument	-	-	(198.0)	-	-	-	-	-		(198.0)
Add / (Less) : On account of restru cturing	(114.7)	(12,019.5)	13,297.8		·	(186.5)	(65,744.4)	-	-	(64,767.3)
Add : Addition during the year	-							36.0	-	36.0
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	•	•	28,310.0	1,056.9	24,365.3	•	(65,744.4)	36.0	(2,426.6)	(14,402.8)
Profit for the year Add/(Less): Other Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	1,718.6 (6.8)	-	-	-	-		- (837.7)	1,718.6 (844.5)
(Net of tax) Transfer from Retained Earning to Contingenty Reserve	-		(162.6)	162.6	-	-				•
Add : Addition during the year	-		-					138.9	-	138.9
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	•		29,859.2	1,219.5	24,365.3		(65,744.4)	174.9	(3,264.3)	(13,389.8)

See accompanying notes forming part of the Olliger Group Special Purpose Combined Financial statements

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As per our attached report of even ate
For Dharmesh Parikh & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants

Ching & such

CHIRAG SHAH

Partner Membership No. 122510

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly Known as Adani Transmission Limited)

ANIL SARDANA

Managing Director DIN 00006867

Company secretary

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024

KUNJAL MEHTA Chief Financial

FOLLOW



1 General information

Adani Energy Solutions Limited ("The Company") ("AESL") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India, It's ultimate holding entity is S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT), having its registered office at 'Adani Corporate House', Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S.G.Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad - 382421, Gujarat, India. The Company and its subsidiaries are engaged in the business of generation, transmission and distribution of power through India. The Group develops, owns and operates transmission lines across the States of Gujarat, Rajasthan, Bihar, Jharkhand, Uttar Pradesh, Maharashtra, Haryana, Chhattisgarh, Madhya Pradesh, West Bengal, Tamilnadu, Andhra Pradesh and Telangana. Apart from the above the group also deals in various Bullion and Agro commodities. The Group has entered into new business opportunities, being laying optical fibers on transmission lines with the ambition of providing telecom solutions to Telcos, Internet service providers and long distance communication operators. The commercialization of the network is being done through leasing out spare capacities to potential players in the Telecom sector.

Adani Transmission (India) Limited ("The Company") ("ATIL") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S. G. Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad 382 421, Gujarat, India. The principle activity of company is to establish, commission, operate and maintain Transmission Systems. The company is having a dedicated transmission line from Mundra to Dehgam, Mundra to Mohindergarh and Tiroda to Warora with total circuit length of approximately 3834 ckt km located in the states of Gujarat, Maharashtra and Haryana.

The Company has entered in to new business opportunities through OPGW fibres on transmission lines with the ambition of expanding its telecom solutions to Tel cos, Internet service providers and long distance communication operators. The commercialization of the network shall be done through leasing out spare capacities to potential communication players.

Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Company Limited ("The Company") ("MEGPTCL") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, S.G. highway, near vaishno devi circle, Khodiyar Ahmedabad Gujrat 382421. The company establish, commission, operate and maintain Transmission Systems.

The Company operates the Tiroda-Aurangabad Transmission System, which is located in the state of Maharashtra, which is a 765 kV Transmission System of 1,213 ckms from Tiroda to Aurangabad.

The Company's main source of revenue is electricity transmission tariffs where the tariffs are set on "cost plus-basis" by the regulators i.e. Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission (MERC). This "cost-plus basis" tariff is determined based on a number of components that are aggregated into an Annual Transmission Charges which is paid to us by Maharashtra State Electricity Transmission Company Limited (MSETCL).

Adani Transmission Step-One Limited ("The Company") ("ATSOL") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at Adani Corporate House, Shantigram, Near Vaishno Devi Circle, S. G. Highway, Khodiyar, Ahmedabad 382 421, Gujarat, India. The company is incorporated on 23rd September, 2020. The company is deals various Bullion commodities.

Pursuant to an agreement between AESL and its wholly owned subsidiaries, viz; Adani Transmission Step- One Limited ('ATSOL'), Adani Transmission (India) Limited (*ATIL'), and Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission company Limited ('MEGPTCL'), AESL has transferred/novated, as the case may be, its investments in equity shares of, and Inter Corporate Deposits placed with ATIL and MEGPTCL, USD denominated borrowings of Senior Secured Notes / Bonds along with corresponding hedge contracts, identified fixed assets, cash equivalent to restricted reserve and working capital loans to ATSOL after obtaining requisite approvals and consents.

The Parent Company and certain subsidiaries of the Parent company which are collectively known as the "Obligor Group" (as more clearly explained in the note below) have issued USD denominated notes which are listed on Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (SGX-ST).

The Obligor Group entities Comprise the Parent Company and the following wholly owned entities:-

Entities	Country of Incorporation
Adani Transmiss ion Step-One Limited (Parent Company)	India
Adani Transmission (India) Limited (Wholly owned subsidiary of ATSOL)	India
Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Company Limited (Wholly owned subsidiary of ATSOL)	India

Pursuant to Internal Restructring scheme carried out in previous year, 'AESL' is not part of the obligor group and hence figures of certains assets and liablities are not comparable.

2.1 Purpose of the Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements

The Special Purpose Combined Financial Information have been prepared for the purpose of lenders requirement in relation to already issued USD denominated notes by the Obligor Group. The Combined Financial Statements presented herein reflect the Obligor Group's results of operations, assets and liabil ities and cash flows for the period presented. The basis of preparation and Significant accounting policies used in preparation of these Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements are set out in note 2.2 and 3 below. The basis of preparation and Material accounting policies used in preparation of these Special Purpose Combined Financial Information are set out in notes below.

2.2 Basis of Preparation

The Combined Financial Statements of the Obligor Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 amended from time to time and other accounting principles generally accepted in India and the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve-out Financial Statements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of india (ICAI)

Management has prepared these combined financial statements to depict the historical financial information of the Obligor Group. The Combined Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention except for Investments in mutual funds and certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair values whereas net defined benefit (asset)/ liability are valued at fair value of plan assets less defined benefit obligation at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below:



Obligor Group

Notes to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024



As per the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve out Financial Statements, the procedure for preparing combined financial statements of the combining entities is similar to that of consolidated financial statements as per the applicable Indian Accounting Standards. Accordingly, when combined financial statements are prepared, intra-group transactions and profits or losses are eliminated. All the inter group transactions are undertaken on Arm's Length basis. The information presented in the combined financial statements of the Obligor Group may not be representative of the position which may prevail after the transaction. The resulting financial position may not be that which might have existed if the combining business had been a stand-alone business.

The following procedure is followed for the preparation of the Combined Financial Statements:

- (a) Combined like items of assets, Liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the entities of the Obligor Group.
- (b) Eliminated in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Obligor Group.

These combined financial statements are Combined Financial Statements and may not be necessarily indicative of the financial performance, financial position and cash flows of the Obligor Group that would have occurred if it had operated as separate stand-alone entities during the year presented or the Obligor Group's future performance. The Combined Financial Statements include the operation of entities in the Obligor Group, as if they had been managed together for the period presented.

Earnings Per Share have not been presented in these Special Purpose Combined Financial Information, as The Group did not meet the applicability criteria as specified under Ind AS 33 – Earnings Per Share.

Transactions that have taken place with the other entities which are a part of the Group and not included in the Obligor Group of entities have been disclosed in accordance of Ind AS 24, Related Party Disclosures. The preparation of financial information in conformity with Ind AS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Obligor Group's accounting policies.

Income taxes are arrived at by aggregation of the tax expenses actually incurred by the combining businesses, after considering the tax effects of any adjustments which is in accordance with the Guidance Note on Combined and Carve-Out Financial Statements issued by the ICAI.

The Function currency of the Obligor Group is Indian Rupee(INR). The Special Purpose Combined financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest Million (Transactions below ₹ 50000.00 denoted as ₹ 0.0), unless otherwise indicated.

3 Material accounting policy information

a. Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment, including freehold land, are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, property, plant and equipment other than freehold land are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Freehold land has an unlimited useful life and therefore is not depreciated.

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any. Other Indirect expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

Depreciation

Depreciation to immences when an asset is ready for its intended use. Depreciation is recognised based on the cost of assets (other than land) less their residual values over their useful lives.

(i) Regulated Assets

Depreciation on Property, plant and equipment in respect of electricity business of the Group covered under Part B of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, has been provided on the straight line method at the rates specified in tariff regulations notified by the respective Electricity Regulatory Commission ('Regulator').

(ii) Non-Regulated Assets

Depreciation is recognised on the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The estimated u seful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The Group, based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, depreciates certain items of building, plant and equipment over estimated useful lives which are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Estimated useful life of Regulated and Non Regulated assets are as below:

Type of Assets	Useful lives
Building	25-30 Years
Plant and Equipment	3-35 Years
Furniture and Fixtures	10-15 Years
Office Equipment	5-15 Years
Computer Equip ment	3-6 Years
Vehicles	8-10 Years

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss.





b. Intangible assets

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment loss es. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.

Useful life

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

Intangible Assets with indefinite lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment on annual basis. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective bas is.

Estimated useful lives of the intangible assets are as follows:

Estimated district investigation assets	1016 03 10110443.
Type of Assets	Useful lives
Computer Software	3-5 years

c. Current / Non-Current Classification

Based on the time involved between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle for determining current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet.

d. Financial Instruments

All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition except Trade Receivables which are measured at Transaction Cost. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss.

(A) Financial a ssets

Initial Recognition and measurement:

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement:

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

i) Classification and measurement of financial assets

a) Financia I assets at amortised cost

Financial a ssets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method if these financial assets are held within a business whose objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on spe cified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financia I assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following criteria are met

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financia assets at fair value through profit & loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in Consolidated profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in Consolidated profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

ii) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each date of balance sheet whether a financial asset or a Group of financial assets is impaired. Ind AS 109 requires expected credit losses to be measured through a loss allowance. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and/or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12 month expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

iii) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's balance sheet) when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.





When the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

On dereco gnition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss on disposal of that financial asset.

(B) Financial la abilities and equity instruments

i) Classificat ion as debt or equity

Debt and e-quity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

ii) Financial li abilities

Initial recognitionand measurement

Financial li abilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequerat measurement

For purpos es of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- · Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- · Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognised in Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate (EIR) amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss.

Trade and other payables are recognised at the transaction cost, which is its fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Similarly, interest be aring loans (inter corporate deposits), trade credits and borrowings (including bonds) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest rate method. Trade credits include Buyer's credit, Foreign Letter of Credit and Inland Letter of Credit.

Financial li abilities measured at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as FVTPL. Fin ancial liabilities are classified as held for trading if these are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. Financial liabilities a t FVTPL are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss.

Derecognition of Financial Liability

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

e. Derivative finan cial instruments and hedge accounting

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement:

The Group—uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its floreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to the statement of profit and loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to the statement of profit and loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or no n-financial liability.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedg e accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge.

The docum entation includes the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking hedge, the hedging/ economic relationship, the hedged item or transaction, the nature of the risk being hedged, hedge ratio and how the entity will assess the effectiveness of changes in the hedgin g instrument's fair value in offsetting the exposure to changes in the hedged item's fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk. Such hedges are expected to be highly effective in achieving offsetting changes in fair value or cash flows and are assessed on an ongoing besis to determine that they actually have been highly effective throughout the financial reporting periods for which they were designated.



Obligor Group

Notes to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024



Hedges that meet the strict criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as described below:

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in OCI in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

Amounts recognised in OCI are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when the hedged financial income or financial expense is recognised or when a forecast sale occurs. When the hedged item is the cost of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, the amounts recognised as OCI are transferred to the initial carrying amount of the non-financial asset or liability.

If the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised without replacement or rollover (as part of the hedging strategy), or if its designation as a hedge is revoked, or when the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI remains separately in equity until the forecast transaction occurs or the foreign currency firm commitment is met.

d. Business combinations and Goodwill

The obligor Group accounts for its business combinations under acquisition method of accounting. Acquisition related costs are recognised in Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the condition for recognition are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete as at the reporting date in which the combination occurs, the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired in a business combination are measured at their provisional fair values at the date of acquisition. Subsequently adjustments to the provisional values are made within the measurement period, if new information is obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have resulted in the recognition of those assets and liabilities as of that date; otherwise the adjustments are recorded in the period in which they occur.

Purchase consideration paid in excess of the fair value of net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the cost of acquisition, after reassessing the fair values of the net assets and contingent liabilities, the excess is recognised as capital reserve.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the fair value of the net assets acquired is in excess of the aggregate consideration transferred, the Group re-assesses whether it has correctly identified all of the assets acquired and all of the liabilities assumed and reviews the procedures used to measure the amounts to be recognised at the acquisition date. If the reassessment still results in an excess of the fair value of net assets acquired over the aggregate consideration transferred, then the gain is recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and accumulated in equity as capital reserve. However, if there is no clear evidence of bargain purchase, the entity recognises the gain directly in equity as capital reserve, without routing the same through OCI.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a bu siness combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rate based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

e. Foreign currencies

The functional currency of the Group is Indian Rupee ₹.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recognised at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not translated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- (i) exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those as sets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings; and
- (ii) exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks

f. Fair value measurement

A fair value mea surement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

(i) Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

(ii) Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable;

(iii) Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable At each reporting date, the Management analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or reassessed as per The Group's accounting policies. For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.







a. Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

· Power Transmission Services

a. Bulk Power Transmission Agreements

The Company as per the prevalent tariff regulations is required to recover its Annual Revenue Requirement ('ARR') comprising of expenditure on account of operations and maintenance expenses, financing costs, taxes and assured return on regulator approved equity with additional incentive for operational efficiencies. Any surplus/shortfall in the recovery is accounted as revenue based on the final tariff orders by the regulatory authority.

Accordingly, the revenue from power transmission services is recognised over time based on the transmission asset availabilities and the tariff charges ap proved under the respective TSA's / tariff orders and includes unbilled revenues accrued up to the end of the accounting period. The payment is generally due within 30-60 days upon receipt of monthly invoice by the customer.

b. Incentive Income

Income from transmission system incentive is accounted for based on certification of availability by respective regulatory nominated body. Where certification by the regulatory nominated body is not available, incentive is accounted for on provisional basis as per estimate of availability by the Group and differences, if any is accounted upon receipt of certification.

• Interest on Overdue Receivables / Delayed Payment Charges:

Revenue in respect of delayed payment charges and interest on delayed payments leviable as per the relevant contracts are recognised on actual real isation or accrued based on an assessment of certainty of realization supported by either an acknowledgement from customers or on receipt of Favorable order from regulator / authorities.

· Other Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

h. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Substantial time is defined as time required for commissioning of the assets considering industry benchmarks.

i. Employee benefits

i) Defined be nefit plans:

The Group has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan which is a combination of funded plan / unfunded plan for various companies in the Group.

Defined be nefit costs in the nature of current and past service cost and net interest expense or income are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they occur. Actuarial gains and losses on remeasurement is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur and is reflected immediately in retained earnings and not reclassified to profit or loss.

ii) Defined cointribution plan:

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

iii) Compensated Absences:

Provision For Compensated Absences and its classifications between current and non-current liabilities are based on independent actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation is done as per the projected unit credit method as at the reporting date.

iv) Short-term and other long-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service. Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service. Liabilities recognised in respect of other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows expected to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date.



Obligor Group

Notes to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024



i. Taxation

Tax on Inc ome comprises current tax and deferred tax. These are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i) Current tax

Tax on inclome for the current period is determined on the basis on estimated taxable income and tax credits computed in accordance with the provisions of the relevant tax laws and based on the expected outcome of assessments / appeals. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations for which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and revises the provisions where appropriate.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Regulators tariff norms in respect of certain subsidiaries which operate under cost plus tariff regime, provide the recovery of Income Tax from the beneficiaries by way of grossing up the return on equity based on effective tax rate for the financial year shall be based on the actual tax paid during the year on the transmission income from certain subsidiaries. Accordingly, deferred tax liability provided during the year which is fully recoverable from beneficiaries and known as "deferred assets recoverable / adjustable". The same will be recovered when the related deferred tax liability forms a part of current tax.

4 Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corp orate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended 31st March, 2024 MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Group.





	y Solutions
Ö	Energy S

6.1 Property, Plant and Equipment								(₹ in Million)
				Tangib	Tangible Assets			
Description of Assets	Land (Free hold)	Building	Plant & Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipments	Computer	Vehicles	Total
I. Gross Carrying Value								
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	758.7	895,4	1,02,499.2	21.4	55.7	83.1	80	1.04.322.3
Additions during the year	0.4	6.3	186.7	0.8	22.1	38.3	0.1	254.6
Disposals during the year	•	•	•	(0.2)	(3.8)	(0.7)	(0.0)	(4.6)
Due to Internal Restructring	(0.4)	•	(4.0)	(0.7)		,	(7.4)	(12.5)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	758.7	901.7	1,02,681.9	21.3	74.0	120.7	1.5	1,04,559.8
Additions during the year	24.7	10.9	160.6	0.5	9.6	28.2	•	234.5
Disposals during the year	,	•	•	•	(0.7)	•	(0.1)	(0.8)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	783.4	912.6	1,02,842.5	21.8	82.9	148.9	1.4	1,04,793.5
II. Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	•	217.0	39,020.7	0.6	18.2	21.6	9,0	39,290,4
Depreciation for the year	,	31.3	5,633.7	1.4	4.2	13.9	0,2	5,684.7
Disposals during the year	,	•	1	(0.0)	(2.1)	(9.0)	(0.0)	(2.7)
Due to Internal Restructring	,	٠	(1.9)	(0.5)	•	•	(3.5)	(5.8)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	•	248.3	44,652.5	6.6	20.3	34.9	9.0	44,966.6
Depreciation for the year		31.5	5,640.1	1.4	5.1	19.9	0.1	5.698.1
Disposals during the year					(0.3)		(0.0)	(0.3)
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	•	279.8	50,292.6	11.3	25.1	54.8	0.7	50,664.4
				F				
The state of the s				aigne i	rangible Assets			
Description of Assets	Land (Free hold)	Building	Plant & Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Office Equipments	Computer Equipment	Vehicles	Total
Net Carrying Value: Balance as at 31st March, 2023	758.7	653.4		11,4	53.7	85.7	8.0	59,593.3
Balance as at 5 1st March, 2024	/85.4	652.8	52,549.9	10.5	57.8	94.1	0.7	54,129.1





Note: Details of immovable properties for which title deeds are not in the name of Company are given below:

Relevant Line Item in Balancesheet	Description of Property	Gross carrying value (₹ in Mn)	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, Plant and Equipment	Land (Free hold)	254.1	Adani Power	Č	1100	Adani Transmission (India) Limited (ATIL) being demerged from erstwhile company related to transmission business Post
Right-of-Use Assets	Leasehold Land	87.8	Limited	2	130 7011	demerger, ATIL is in process of transferring the same in the name of the ATIL.

6.2 Capital Work-In-Progress

	Asat	As at
Description of Assets	31st March, 2024 31st March, 2023	31st March, 2023
	(⊈ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Opening balance	270.8	6'66
Expenditure incurred during the year	319.5	445.1
Less : On account of restructuring	•	(0.4)
Less : Capitalised during the year	(54.4)	(273.8)
Total	6 522	270 B

(a) Capital-work-in progress ageing schedule:

Daction		Amount in CWIP for a period of	or a period of		Letol
	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 years	50.
As at 31st March, 2024					
- Projects in progress	229.2	8'66	3.0	3.9	335.9
- Projects temporarily suspended					•
Total	229.2	8.66	3.0	3.9	335.9
As at 31st March, 2023					
- Projects in progress	266.2	0.3	0.7	3.6	270.8
- Projects temporarily suspended	•	•	•		
Total	266.2	6.0	0.7	3.6	270.8





FRN 112054WI

6.3 : Right of Use Assets				(₹ in Million)
	Ri	Right-of-Use Assets		
Particulars	Leasehold Land	Building	Computer Equipment	Total
Gross carrying value				
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	529.0	6.4	15,3	549,2
Additions during the year	,	•	•	•
Disposals during the year	•	•	•	•
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	529.0	0.4	15.3	549.2
Additions during the year	•	1.7	•	1.7
Disposals during the year	•	•	•	•
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	529.0	6.5	15.3	550.9
Accumulated Depreciation				
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	126.7	3.3	6.7	136.8
Depreciation Charge during the year	42.2	1.11	3.0	46.4
Eliminated on disposal of asset during the year	•	•	•	•
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	169.0	4.4	8.6	183.2
Depreciation Charge during the year	42.1	1.0	3.0	46.1
Eliminated on disposal of asset during the year	•			•
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	211.1	5.4	12.8	229.3
Net Carrying Value as at 31st March, 2023	360.0	5.0	9'5	366.1
Net Carrying Value as at 31st March, 2024	317.9	1.1	2.5	321.6

Lease liability	(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Total
Baiance as at 31st March, 2023	265.8
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	243.3
Right of use assets (net of lease liability)	(₹ in Million)
Particulars	Total
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	100.2
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	78.3





6.4 : Intangible Assets		(4 in Million)
	Intangible Assets	Assets
Particulars	Computer	Total
	Software	200
Gross carrying value		
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	79.1	79.1
Additions during the year	19.6	19,6
Due to internal restructuring	(4.8)	(4.8)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	93.9	93.9
Additions during the year	18.3	18.3
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	112.3	112.3
Accumulated Amortisation		
Balance as at 1st April, 2022	25.0	25.0
Amortisation Charge for the year	15,8	15.8
Due to internal restructuring	(4.7)	(4.7)
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	36.1	36.1
Amortisation Charge for the year	20.1	20.1
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	56.3	56.3
Balance as at 31st March, 2023	57.8	57.8
Balance as at 31st March, 2024	56.0	56.0







7	Investment in Governm ent Securities (Quoated) at amortised costinve	rtmants.		As at	As at
,	mvestment in government Securities (quodited) at amortised costinves	stinents		31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
	Investment for Conting ency Reserve				
	9.23% Central Governm ent of India 2043			142.0	176.7
	8.17% Central Governm∈nt of India 2044 8.13% Central Governm∈nt of India 2045			342.0 214.6	344.3 114.4
	8.97% Central Government of India 2030			0.6	0.6
	5.63% Central Governm ent of India 2026			192.9	156.8
	5.22 % Central Governmeent of India 2025			10.7	•
				902.8	792.8
	Aggregate book value o fiquoted investments			002.0	700.0
	Aggregate market values of quoted investments			902.8 890.7	792.8 762.8
_	Lanca at American Compt			As at	As at
8	Loans at Amortised Cost			31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
	(Unsecured, considered good)			(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Land to Coloridian October (Defendance AF O. 41)			24.406.5	6.007.0
	Loans to Subsidiary Companies (Refer Note 45 & 41)			24,496.5	6,807.9
				24,496.5	6,807.9
9	Non-current Financial Assets- Others			As at	As at
9	Non-content Emonicial Sector officers			31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
				(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Hebited Barrers			2.046.7	0.570.0
	Unbilled Revenue Security deposits			2,016.7 4.0	8,670.0
	Interest accrued and du e receivable Long term			0.6	
	Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship			3,180.3	2,798.5
	Balance held as margin amoney for security against borrowings			891.1	827.0
			Total	6,092.7	12,295.5
				A b	A
10	Income Tax Assets (Net.)			As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
				(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Advance Income Tax (N €t of Provision)			180.1	163.0
			Total	180.1	163.0
11	Other Non-current Asserts			As at	As at
				31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
				(Cili Million)	(Cirivinion)
	Capital advances			114.3	37.7
	Other deferred asset on corporate commission			126.67	-
	Deferred assets recoverable / adjustable		*	9,404.5	9,442.7
			Total	9,645.5	9,480.4
12	Inventories			As at	As at
	(At lower of Cost and Net Realisable Value)			31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
				(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Stores & spares			400.1	390.8
			Total	400,1	390.8
13	Investments			As at	As at
1,5	medining			31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
				(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Un-Quoted Investments				
	Investment for Contingency Reserve				
	8.13% Central Government of India 2022			17.8	1.0
	4.56% Central Govern ment of India 2023			•	3.9
	7.68% Central Govern ment of India 2023			•	100.9
	Gilt Securities (182 D TB Maturing 04/05/2022)				10.3
	0 % Central Governm∈nt of India 2023			140.5 158,3	116.1
	Aggregate book value o ∉ unquoted investments			158.3	116.1
	Aggregate market value of unquoted investments			162.5	115.4
14	Trade Receivables			As at	As at
• •	(Unsecured otherwise sæated)			31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
				(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Unsecure, Considered G ⇔ od	240:		4,538.0	3,964.7
	Credit Impaired	SHPARIKA		4,538.0	3,964.7
	(Least) - Eveneted Credit Leas	FRN S		0.000	15 50 To 18
	(Less): Expected Credit Loss	1/3/ 44205 AMI /F/			
		(15) 112034WI /5/		4,538.0 /	3,964.7
		V + V WV HIRE / 20 / 1 / //		3 8 8	MI



Note

In case of transmission business, regulator approved tariff is receivable from long-term transmission customers (LTTCs) and Discoms that are highly rated companies or government parties. Counterparty credit risk with respect to these receivables is very minimal. Accordingly, there are no Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk.

Trade Receivables agei ing Schedule

(Unsecured, considered good)

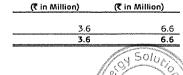
Loans to Employees

			Outstanding fo	r following periods f	rom due date of pay	ment	
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2023							
(i) Undisputed Trade re⊂eivables – considered good	1,124.3	3,411.5	0.7	1.2	0.1	0.2	4,538.0
(ii) Undisputed Trade R∈ceivables -							-
which have significant i norease in credit risk	-	-	-		•	-	
(iii) Undisputed Trade R eceivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Rece ivables - which have significant increas e in credit risk	-	•		-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Rec∈ivables - credit impaired	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
(vii) Provision for doubt¶ull debts	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
Total:	1,124.3	3,411.5	0.7	1.2	0.05	0.2	4,538.0

			Outstanding for	or following periods f	rom due date of pay	yment	
Particulars .	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2022							
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	1,123.7	2,840.7	0.0	0.1	-	0.2	3,964.7
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant i norease in	_					_	
credit risk	-	-	-			_	•
(iii) Undisputed Trade R €ceivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	•	-	• -
(iv) Disputed Trade Rec∈ivables considered good	-		-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Rece ivables - which have significant increas e in credit risk	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	· -	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vii) Provision for doubtfull debts	-	-	-	-	-		
Total:	1,123.7	2,840.7	0.0	0.1		0.2	3,964.7

15	Cash and Cash equivalents		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
			(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
	Balances with banks In current accounts		19.5	104.6
		Total	19.5	104.6
			and produce the special contains a solid region track to a A strengt distinction placed to describe the Annual	A STATE OF COLUMN STATE OF THE
16	Bank balance other tham Cash and Cash equivalents		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
			(₹ in Million)	(7 in Million)
	Fixed Deposits (with original maturity for more than three months) Balances held as Margin Money		0.4	0.4
		Total	0.4	0.4
	(Margin Money Against Bank Guarantees and Debt Service Reserve Account)			
17	Current Financial Assets - Loans		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023





Total



Solu

18	Current Financial Assets- Others	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
		(7 in Million)	(そ in Million)
	Interest Receivable Unbilled Revenue Security deposits Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship Total	26.2 8,795.0 12.0 2.9 8,836.1	20.9 8,696.0 17.9 10.3 8,745.1
19	Other Current Assets	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Balances with Government authorities Advance to Suppliers Advance to Employees Prepaid Expenses Total	(₹ in Million) 65.0 18.8 1.4 117.3 202.5	(7 in Million) 61.3 24.2 1.9 30.4
20	Share Capital	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	Authorised Share Capital 10,000 (As at 31st March, 2023 - 10,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each Total	(₹ in Million) 0.1 0.1	(₹ in Million) 0.1 0.1
	Issued, Subscribed and Fully paid-up equity shares 10,000 (As at 31st March, 2023 - 10,000) fully paid up equity shares of ₹ 10 each Total	0.1 0.1	0.1

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares

	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2024	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2023
	No. Shares	(₹ in Million)	No. Shares	(₹ in Million)
At the beginning of the year	10,000	0.10	1,09,98,10,083	10,998.1
Add : Issued during the year	-	•	1,56,82,600	156.8
Add :On account of rest ructuring	-	•	10,000	0.1
Less :On account of restructuring	•	-	(1,11,54,92,683)	(11,154.9)
Outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	0.10	10,000	0.10
(Refer Note 45)				

b. Terms/rights attache d to equity shares

The Company Adani Step-One Limited (ATSOL) has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend if p roposed by the Board of Directors is subject to approval of the share holders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company the holders of the equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the share holders.

c. Details of shareholde rs holding more than 5% shares in the Company

		As at 3 ist March, 2024		AS at 3 ISt IMarch, 2023	
		No. Shares	% holding in the class	No. Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of ₹ 10 eæch fully paid Adani Transmission Step - One Limited		10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%
	Total	10,000	100.00%	10,000	100.00%

Instrument entirely equility in nature		As at	As at
		31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
0% Compulsory Convert ible Debentures (CCD) classified as Equity			
Opening		25,000.00	-
Add: Issued during the 🔰ear (Refer note (i) & (ii) below)		8,400.00	25,000.00
Less: Repaid during the year			
Closing Balance	Total	33,400.00	25,000.00

Terms / rights attached to instruments - (CCD)

(i) The Company has issued 0% Nil (P.Y. 25,00,00,000) no. of CCDs having value of ₹ 100 each for a period of 20 years from the date of issue which will be converted into equity shares (₹ 10 each) at a conversion ratio of 10:1 at the option of the Company. The holders of the CCDs (i.e. Adani Energy Solutions Limited) shall have no right to convert all or a portion of CCDs.

(ii) The Company has is≤ued 8,40,00,000 (P.Y. Nii) no. of CCDs having value of ₹ 100 each for a period of 20 years from the date of issue which will be converted into equity shares (₹ 10 each) at a conversion ratio of 10:1 at the option of the holder. The holders of the CCDs (i.e. Adani Energy Solutions Limited) shall have right to convert all or a portion of CCDs.





Unsecured Perpetual E quity Instrument	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Opening Balance	-	31,312.7
Add : Availed during the period / year	•	80.0
(Less): Repaid of Unsec ಷred Perpetual Equity Instrument (including distribution)	-	(30,754.5)
(Less): Conversion during gthe period / year	-	(836.2)
Add: Distribution on Un ≲ecured Perpetual Equity Instrument (Net of Tax)		198.0
Closing Balance	•	•

Note:

22

a) The Group had issued Unsecured Perpetual Equity Instrument (the "Instrument") to Adani Infra (India) Limited. This Instrument carrying a interest rate (i.e. 11.80% on ₹ 14,961.1 Million 8 0% o ♣ ₹ 15,595.5 Million as at 31st March, 2022) are perpetual in nature with no maturity or redemption and are callable only at the option of the Company. During the previous yea company, has repaid the ₹ 30,754.6 Million (including distribution on perpetual equity instrument) to Adani Infra (India) Limited.

2 Other Equity		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
		(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
a. Retained Earnings (R efer note (i) below)		20.710.0	77774
Opening Balance Add: Profit for the perio d		28,310.0 1,718.6	7,777.4 7,595.1
Add/(Less): Other comprehensive income (Loss) arising from remeasurement of De	ined	(6.8)	0.1
Benefit Plans			(100.0)
(Less): Distribution on → necured Perpetual Equity Instrument (Less): Transfer to Conti ngency Reserve		(162.6)	(198.0) (162.4)
Less: On account of re structuring		(102.0)	13,297.8
Closing Balance	Total (a)	29,859.2	28,310.0
b. Effective portion of Cash flow Hedge (refer note (ii) below)			
Opening balance		(2,426.6)	(1,596.3)
Add: Effective portion o feash flow hedge for the period		(837.7)	(830.3)
Closing Balance	Total (b)	(3,264.3)	(2,426.6)
c. Capital reserve			
Opening Balance		•	114.7
Less: On account of re ≤tructuring	Total (c)		(114.7)
d. Restructuring reservæ (refer note (iii) below)			Marrie Landon
Opening Balance		(65,744.4)	. -
Add: On account of restructuring	Total (d)	(65,744.4)	(65,744.4) (65,744.4)
e. General Reserve (refœrnote (iv) below)	Total (u)	(05,744.4)	(05,744.4)
Opening Balance			12,019.5
Less : On account of re≤tructuring		-	(12,019.5)
Closing Balance	Total (e)	• .	•
f. Capital Redemption R eserve (Refer note (v) below)			
Opening Balance		24,365.3	24,365.3
Add: Transfer from Reta ined Earning on redemption of Optionally Convertible Redeemat Preference Shares (OCR P)	le	-	-
Closing Balance	Total (f)	24,365.3	24,365.3
g. Contingency Reserve (Refer note (vi) below)			
Opening Balance		1,056.9	894.5
Add: Transfer from Reta # ned Earning	_	162.6	162.4
Closing Balance	Total (g)	1,219.5	1,056.9
h. Self Insurance Reser™e (Refer note (vii) below)			
Opening Balance		-	186.5
Less : Transfer from Gers eral Reserve	_	-	(186.5)
Closing Balnce	Total (h)	-	•
i. Other equity (Refer note (viii) below)			
Opening Balance		36.0	•
Add: Addition during th eyear		138.9	36.0
Closing Balnce	Total (i)	174.9	36.0
	Total (a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i)	(13,389.8)	(14,402.8)







Notes:

i) Retained Earnings: Retained earnings represents the amount of profits or losses of the company earned till date net of appropriation.

ii) Hedge Reserve: The cash flow hedging reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of designated portion of hedging instruments emtered into for cash flow hedges. The cumulative gain or loss arising on changes in fair value of the designated portion of the hedging instruments that are recognised and acc umulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserve will be reclassified to profit or loss only when the hedged transaction affects the profit or loss, or included as a basis a djustment to the non-financial hedged item.

iii) Restructuring reserve :In Financial year 22-23, Group has received investments in equity shares of fellow subsidiaries companies and Inter Corporate Deposits of ATIL and MEGPTCL, USD denominated borrowings of Senior Secured Notes / Bonds (aggregating USD 937.50 million) along with corresponding hedge contracts, identified fixed assets, cash equivalent to restricted reserve and working capital loans from the holding company on account of internal restructuring scheme. Group has discharged the consideration towards acquisition of the said assets and liabilities by way of issuance of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures to the company by the subsidiary. The transaction being a common control transa ction, the difference between net liabilities transferred and the value of CCD recorded, being ₹ 65744.4 Million has been recognized in Other Equity of the Company.

iv) General Reserve: It has been created pursuant to the demerger of transmission undertaking of Adani Enterprises Limited into the company.

v) Capital Redemption Reserve: Capital Redemption Reserve of ₹ 24,365.3 Millions (31.03.2023 - ₹ 24,365.3 Millions) is created due to transfer on redemption of optionally convertible redeemable preference shares from retained earnings.

vi) Contingency Reserve: As per the provisions of MERC MYT Regulations read with Tariff orders passed by MERC, the group being a Transmission Licensee, makes an appropriation to the Cointingency Reserve fund to meet with certain exigencies. Investments in Government Securities have been made against such reserve.

wii) Self Insurance Reserve : The Obligor Group has decided that insurance of the transmission lines of subsidiary companies would be through the self-insurance to mitigate the loss of assets hence a reserve has been created in current period. The insurance of sub stations of subsidiary companies are covered through insurance companies under all risk policy.

viii) Other equity: Represents the service rendered by the holding company ("AESL"), by way of providing the Corporate guarantee to the lenders on behalf of the Company

- Refer note of Restruc tring (Refer Note - 45)

23 No

Non current Financial Liabilities - Borrowings	Non-current		Current	
	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Secured				
Bonds				
4.00% USD Bonds	41,402.5	40,670.4	-	*
4.25% USD Bonds	30,001.3	31,992.4	2,477.2	2,440.2
	71,403.8	72,662.8	2,477.2	2,440.2
Current maturities of loing-term borrowings		•	(2,477.2)	(2,440.2)
Net amount	71,403.8	72,662.8	•	•
Unsecured				
From Related Parties	1,872.4	2,807.1	-	-
Total	73,276.2	75,469.9	•	•

Borrowings	Security	Terms of Repayment
Secured 4.00% USD Bonds	- The USD Bonds are secured by way of first ranking pari passu charge in favour of the Security trustee (for the benefit of the Bond/Debenture holders): a. Mortgage of land situated at Sanand. b. Hypothecation of all the assets (movable and immovable) including current assets of the ATSOL. c. Pledge over 100% equity shares of Adani Transmission (India) Limited (ATIL) and Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission Company Limited (MEGPTCL), both are	- 500.0 Million) USD Bonds aggregating to Rs 41,702.5 Millions (31st March 2023 - Rs. 41,085.0 Millions) are redeemable by bullet payment in FY 2026.
Secured 4,25% USD Bonds	wholly owned subsidiaries of the ATSOL. d. All assets (moveable and immovable) of ATIL & MEGPTCL including its current assets. e. Assignment by way of security over loans given to ATIL & MEGPTCL. All its rights under the inter entity loan agreements entered or to be entered into between the Issuer, ATIL and MEGPTCL (the "Inter Entity Loans") f. Corporate guarantee given by the AESL.	- 4.25% 392.5 Million (31st March, 2023 422.5 Million) USD Bonds aggregating to Rs. 32,736.5 Millions (31st March, 2023 Rs.34,716,8 Millions) are redeemable by Half yearly payment starting from May 2020 to May 2036.
Unsecured	i) Inter-corporate loan of ₹ 1872.4 Million (As on 31st March 2023 ₹ 2807.1 Million) from	AESL is unsecured and carries interest at
Inter Corporate Loan	the rate of 11% p.a. and repayable in single installment which is due on March 31, 2028.	

4	Other Financial Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2024 (7 in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
	Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship		137.3	-
		Total	137.3	•
25	Provisions	Non-Current	Curr	ent

Net employee defined benefit liabilities Provision for Employee Benefits Provision for Stamp Duty



As at 31st March, 2024 (ই in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (र in Million)	As at 31st March, 2024 (र in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
120.4	121,6	39.2	41.0
156.5	156.5		•
276.9	278.1	39.2	41.0





26 Deferred tax liabilities (Net)

As at As at 31st March, 2024 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million) (₹ in Million) 9,404.5

Deferred Tax LiabilitiesDeferred tax liabilities (Net)

Total 9,404.5 9,442.6

CERC / MERC tariff norms provide the recovery of income Tax from the beneficiaries by way of grossing up the return on equity based on effective tax rate for the financial year shall be based on the actualtax paid during the year on the transmission income. Accordingly, deferred tax liability provided during the period is fully recoverable from beneficiaries and known as 'deferred assets recoverable / adjustable". The same will be recovered when the related deferred tax liability forms a part of current tax.

(a) Movement in Deferred Tax Assets/(Liabilities) (Net) for the financial year 2023-24

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Opening Balance as at 1st April, 2023	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	Closing Balance as at 31st March, 2024
Tax effect of items con stituting deferred tax liabilities:				
Difference between book base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(9,497.3)	38.2	-	(9,459.2)
Total	(9,497.3)	38.2	•	(9,459.2)
Tax effect of items con-stituting deferred tax Assets:				
Provisions Disallowed (∈mployee Benefit)	54.7	-	-	54.7
Total	54.7	•	-	54.7
Net Deferred Tax Asset/ (Liability)	(9,442.6)	38.2		(9,404.5)

(b) Movement in Deferr ed Tax Assets/(Liabilities) (Net) for the FY 2022-23

(₹ in Million)

Particulars	Opening Balance as at 1st April, 2022	Recognised in profit and loss	Recognised in OCI	Closing Balance as at 31st March, 2023
Tax effect of items con stituting deferred tax liabilities:				
Difference between book base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(9,455.2)	(42.1)	-	(9,497.3)
Total	(9,455.2)	(42.1)	-	(9,497.3)
Tax effect of items con stituting deferred tax Assets:				
Provisions Disallowed (Employee Benefit)	54.7	-		54.7
Total	54.7	-	-	54.7
Net Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability)	(9,400.5)	(42.1)	•	(9,442.6)

27 Current Financial Liabili ties · Borrowings

As at 31st March, 2024 31st

As at 31st March, 2023

	_	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Secured Borrowings			
Term Loan			
- From Banks		3,200.0	2,200.0
Bank Over Draft		757.4	
Cash Credit / Working Capital Loan from Banks		392.9	1,970.0
Current maturities of long-term borrowings (Secured) (Refer Note 23)		2,477.2	2,440.2
	Total	6,827.5	6,610.2
••			

Notes:		
Borrowings	Security	Terms of Repayment
Term Loan	Secured as per Lendor's Agreement	- The Secured Term Loan from bank amounting to ₹ 3,200.0 Millions (31st March, 2023 ₹ 2,200.0 Millions) having rate of interest for WCL from banks is 8.50% to 8.96%. Term loan is secured by first pari passu charge by way of hypothecation over all current assets of Adani Transmission Step-One Ltd (ATSOL) and its subsidiaries viz, Adani Transmission (India) Ltd (ATIL) & Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Trasmission Company Limited (MEGTPCL) and negative lien on fixed assets of ATIL and MEGPTCL.
Cash Credit / Working Capital Loan	First charge on receivables and on immovable	Cash Credit (CC) of ₹ 1150.3 Millions (P.Y. ₹ 1,970.0 Millions), the rate of interest
	and movable assets created out of project on paripassu basis.	for CC from banks is 8.0% to 9.2%.



29 Current Financial Liabilities · Others



As at

As at

s to Special Purpose Cornbined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024			Energy Salutions
Trade Payables		As at	As at
		31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
		(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Trade Payables		<i>x</i>	
- Total outstandin g dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		9.8	6.0
- Total outstandin g dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,042.5	1,350.
Accrual For Employees		25.6	24.2
	Total	1,077.9	1,380.3

Particulars	Not Due	Outstand	f payment			
	Not Due	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2024						
(a) MSME	3.4	6.4	-	-	-	9.8
(b) Others	235.5	567.3	252.1	11.2	2.5	1,068.6
(c) Disputed dues – MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(d) Disputed dues - Others	-	- 1	-	-	-	-
Total:	238.9	573.7	252.1	11.2	2.5	1,078.4

Particulars		Outstan	f payment	*		
	Not Due	<1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3 years	Total
As at 31st March, 2023						
(a) MSME	0.7	15.6	-	-	-	16.3
(b) Others	343.3	668.7	339.3	12.7	-	1,364.0
(c) Disputed dues – MSME	- 1	-	-	-	-	•
(d) Disputed dues - Others	- [-	-		-	-
Total:	344.1	684.3	339.3	12.7	-	1,380.3

	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
	(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	779.7	806.3
Retention money	23.8	24.2
Provision for reversal of Unbilled Revenue	1,013.9	1,128.3
Payable on purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	33.8	131.2
Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship		4.0

	Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship		<u> </u>	4.0
		Total	1,851.2	2,094.0
30	Other Current Liabilities		As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023

		(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Statutory liabilities		97.4	90.2
Advance from Customers		186.3	98.3
Other Payables			4.7
	Total	283.7	193,2

31	Current tax liabilities			As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
			Total	283.7	193,2
	Other Payables				4.7
	Advance from Customers			186.3	98.3

			(₹ in Million)	(₹ in Million)
Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	22.51		29.6	40.1
	SH PARILY S			
		Total	29.6	40.1





32	Revenue from Operations - From Transmission Business		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (7 in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
	Income from transmission charges Income from transmission lines (Refer Note 45)		16,954.2	22,268.9
		Total	16,954.2	22,268.9
33	Revenue from Operations - From Trading Business		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (7 in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
	Sale of Traded Goods (Refer note - 41)		3,705.8	3,625.2
		Total	3,705.8	3,625.2

Details of Revenu e from Contract with Customer:

Contract balances:

(a) The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from the contracts with customers.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
Trade receivables (Refernote 14)	4,538.0	3,964.7
Contract Assets (Refer Note 9 & 18)	10,811.7	17,366.0
Contract Liabilities (Refer Note 29 & 30)	1,200.2	1,226.6

The contract assets primarily relate to the Obligor group's right to consideration for services provided but not billed at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to receivables when the rights become unconditional. This usually occurs when the obligor group issues an invoice to the Customer. The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advance consideration received from the customers.

Eac the year anded

(b) Reconciliation the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price:

	Particulars		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
	Revenue as per cointracted price		17,060.5	22,305.9
	Adjustments			
	Less: Rebate on prompt payment		106.3	37.0
	Revenue from con tract with customers		16,954.2	22,268.9
34	Other Income		For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
			(₹ in Million)	(र in Million)
	Interest Income			
	- Bank		64.3	81.1
	- Contingency Investment Reserve		66.3	62.6
	- Other		1,246.8	2,482.4
	Gain on Sale/Fair ∨alue of Current Investments measured at FVTPL		-	212.0
	Foreign Exchange Fluctuation Gain		0.0	0.1
	Sale of Scrap		10.7	17.6
	Unclaimed liabilities /Excess Provision written back		10.3	-
	Insurance Claim re ceived		1.3	1.7
	Miscellaneous Income		1.3	9.7
		Total	1,401.0	2,867.2
35	Purchase of Stock- in- Trade		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (て in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
	Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		3,705.2	3,624.1
	TUPARIKA	Total	3,705.2	3,624.1
				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH





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Obligor Group Notes to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024



36	Employee Benefits Expenses		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
	Salaries, Wages and Bonus Contribution to Provident and Other Funds		919.4 55.6	847.7 56.7
	Employee Welfare Expenses		47.6	42.4
		Total	1,022.6	946.8
37	Finance costs		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (? in Million)
	Interest Expenses			
	-Loans & Debentures		4,133.5	3,687.1
	-Trade Credits		264.2	434.2
	-Carrying clost arising on Truing up			177.2
	(b) Other borrowing costs :			
	Bank Charges & Other Borrowing Costs		13.5	97.7
	Interest - Hedging Cost		2,743.9	3,022.9
			7,155.1	7,419.1

38	Other Expenses		For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
	Operating Cost		593.6	467.4
	Electricity Expenses		54.8	57.4
	Repairs and Maint enance - Others		0.8	1.7
	Short Term Lease Rental		45.0	34,7
	Rates and Taxes		4.2	4.2
	Legal & Profession at Expenses		295.6	386.5
	Directors' Sitting Fees		0.0	1.3
	Security Charges		4.6	4.9
	Communication Expenses		11,1	11,1
	Travelling & Conveyance Expenses		91.6	75.1
	Insurance Expenses		46.4	35.0
	Loss on sale of fixed Assets		0.4	1.8
	Factory & Office Expenses		0.5	0.1
	Corporate Social Responsibility expenses		217.2	187.4
	Miscellaneous Exp enses		43.5	39.6
	·	Total	1,409.3	1,308.2





Obligor Group

Notes to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024



39	Income Tax	_	For the year ended 31st March, 2024 (₹ in Million)	For the year ended 31st March, 2023 (7 in Million)
	Current Tax		1,285.8	2,120.8
	Deferred Tax		(38.2)	42.1
		Total	1,247.6	2,162.9
	Accounting profit before tax		3,004.4	9,715.9
	Income tax expense attax rates applicable to individual entities		2,570.1	4,240.9
	Tax Effect of :			
	Income and Expenses not allowed under Income Tax			
	i) Non deductible Expenses (Tax Incentives and concessions)		25.2	25.0
	ii) MAT Credit not recognised		1,156.6	2,121.0
	iii) 80IA Claim		(2,515.3)	(4,444.4)
	iv) Others		6.7	81.0
	v) Temporary Difference		4.3	139.4
		Tax Expense -	1,247.6	2,162.9
	Tax provisions:			
	Current tax for the year (MAT)		1,285.8	2,120.8
	Net Deferred Tax Liability recognised during the year		(38.2)	42.1
	Income tax recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss at effective rat		1,247.6	2,162.9







		(でin Million)
40 Contingent liabilities and commitments :	As at	As at
	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
(i) Contingent liabilities :		
a) Waiver application filed for Interest u/s. 234C - Interest on truing up income	55.4	1.4
 b) Claim raised during t he year by the MSETCL towards additional capital cost for the assets constructed in earlier years 	313.1	313.1
	368.5	314.5
		(₹in Million)
(ii) Commitments :	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
 a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Net of capital advance): 	469.0	738.0
DARIV	469.0	738.0

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41 Related party discs losures:

As per Ind AS 24. Disclosure of transaction with related parties are given below:

> (A) Ultimate Co-introlling Entity

S. B. Adani Family Trust (SBAFT)

> (B) Holding Ent 藏ty

Adani Energy Solutions Limited (formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)

> (C)Intermediate: Holding Entity

Adani Transmission Step-One Limited

> (D) Fellow Subs-idiary Companies

Sipat Transmission Limited Raiour - Rainandoaon - Warora Transmission Limited

Chhattisgarh – WR Transmission Limited Adani Transmission (Rajasthan) Limited North Karanpura Transco Limited Maru Transmission Service Company Limited Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited. Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited. Thar Power Transmission Service Limited Western Transco Power Limited. Western Transmission (Guiarat) Limited. Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited. Ghatamour Transmission Limited Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited

AEMI Infrastructure Limited OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited

Adani Transmission Bikaner Sikar Private Limited (Formerly known as 'KEC Bikaner Sikar Transmission Private Limited')

Bikaner Khetri Transco Limited WRSS XXI(A) Transco Limited Arasan Infra Limited Sunrays Infra Space Limited

Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited

Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited

Power Distribution Service Limited (Formerly known as 'Adani Electricity Mumbai Services Limited')

Adani Electricity Mumbai Infra Limited Kharghar Vikhroli Transmission Private Limited Alipurduar Transmission Limited AEML Seepz Limited

Warora - Kurnool Transmission Limited ATL HVDC Limited

MP Power Transmission Package-II LTD (w.e.f 1st Novemeber, 2021)
MPSEZ Utility Limited ((w.e.f. 15th December, 2021) Karur Transmission Limited (w.e.f. 18th January, 2022) Khavda-Bhuj Transmission Limited (w.e.f. 18th January, 2022) Adani Transmission Step-Two Limited (w.e.f. 2nd August, 2022) Adani Electricity Jewar Limited (w.e.f. 12th September, 2022) Adani Cooling Solutions Limited (w.e.f. 13th December, 2022) Best Smart Metering Limited (w.e.f. 27th December, 2022) Adani Transmission Step-Three Limited (w.e.f. 12th January, 2023) Adani Transmission Step-Four Limited (w.e.f. 12th January, 2023)

Adani Transmission Step-Five Limited (w.e.f. 11th January, 2023) Adani Transmission Step- Six Limited (w.e.f. 13th January, 2023) Adani Transmission Step-Seven Limited (w.e.f. 12th January, 2023) Adani Transmission Step-Eight Limited (w.e.f. 12th January, 2023)

NE Smart Metering Limited (w.e.f. 16th January, 2023) (formely known as 'Adani Transmission Step-Nine Limited) Adani Electricity Aurangabad Limited (w.e.f. 15th March, 2023)

Adani Electricity Nashik Limited (w.e.f. 16th January, 2023) WRSR Power Transmission Ltd (w.e.f. 17th January, 2023) Khavda II-A Transmission Limited (w.e.f. 28th March, 2023) KPS1 Transmission Limited (w.e.f. 16th August, 2023) Sangod Transmission Service Limited (w.e.f. 05th October, 2023) Halvad Transmission Ltd (w.e.f. 27th December, 2023) Sunrays Infra Space Two Limited (w.e.f. 19th January, 2024) Arasan Infra Two Limited (w.e.f. 20th January, 2024)

Adani Energy Solutions Step-Twelve Limited (w.e.f. 25th January, 2024) Adani Energy Solutions Step-Thirteen Limited (w.e.f. 13th February, 2024)

> (E) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Gautam S. Adani, Chairman Mr. Rajesh S. Adani, Director

Mr. Anil Sardana, Managing Director

Mr. K. Jairai - Non Executive Director

Dr. Ravindra H. Dholakia - Non Executive Director

Ms. Meera Shankar - Non Executive Director

Ms. Lisa Caroline Maccallum - Non Executive Director Mr. Kandarp Patel, Chief Executive Officer (Appointed w.e.f 2nd November, 2022)

Mr. Kunjal Mehta - Chief Financial Officer (Appointed w.e.f 1st April, 2024) Mr. Bimal Dayal, Chief Executive Officer (Resigned w.e.f 8th December, 2023)

Mr. Rohit Soni - Chief Financial Officer (Resigned w.e.f 31st March, 2024) Mr. Jaladhi Shukla, Company Secretary

> (F) Enterprises cover which (A) or (E) above have control or significae nt influerace :

Adani Digital Labs Pvt Ltd

Adani Electricity Mumbai Infra Limited

Adani Electricity Navi Mumbai Ltd (Formerly Known as AEML Infrastructure Limited)

Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)

Adani Enterprises Limited

Adani Estate Management Private Limited

Adani Foundation

Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited

Adani Green Energy Limited

Adani Hospitals Mundra Private Limited

Adani Infra (India) Limited







Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited

Adami Institute for Education & Research

Adani Krishnapatnam Port Ltd

Adani New Industries Ltd

Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited

Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)

Adani Power Limited

Adani Total Gas Limited Adani Vizhinjam Port Pvt Ltd

Adani Wind Energy Kutchh One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy (MP) Limited)

Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited

Belvedere Golf and Country Club Private Limited

Mumbai International Airport Ltd MUNDRA SOLAR PV LIMITED

Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited

Note:

The names of the related parties and nature of the relationships where control exists are disclosed irrespective of whether or not there have been transactions between the related parties. For others, the names and the nature of relationships is disclosed only when the transactions are entered into by the obligor with the related parties during the existence of the related parties.

(A) Transactions with Related Parties

(₹ in Million)

		For the year ended	For the year ended
№ ature oftransactions	Name of related party	31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
CCD Issued	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	8,400.0	-
CSR Expense	Adani Foundation	164.4	106.9
Director Sitting F ∗ees	Director Sitting Fees	0.1	1.2
Distribution on UnsecuredPerpetual Equity Instruments	, ,	·	198.3
Interest Expense	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	-	49.7
	Bikaner-Khetri Transmission Limited		-
	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited		1.8
	MPSEZ Utilities Limited		5.2
	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	-	18.5
	Sipat Transmission Limited		10.8
,	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited	-	2.9
	Western Transmission (Gujarat) Limited		4.5
	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited.	-	2.5
	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited.	-	15.0
	Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited.		2.9
	Western Transco Power Limited.	•	4.7
	Alipurduar Transmisison Limited		46.3
	Sunrays Infra Space Limited(Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)	•	38.1
Interest Income	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)		150.6
	Adani Infra (India) Limited	_	34.9
	Bikaner-Khetri Transmission Limited	-	75.5
	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	_	34.1
	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	<u>.</u> .	337.4
	MP Power Transmission Package-II Limited		22.7
	North Karanpura Transco Limited	-	92.6
		l	32.0







oces to Special 7 of post delitorites 7 monetar stateme	nes ; or the few ended state many 2021.		E nergy Solutions
1	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited	_	118.4
	Warora Kurnool Transmission Limited		239.2
	Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited.	=	11.5
	Ghatampur Transmission Limited	-	164.4
	Sunrays Infra Space Limited(Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)	-	39.3
	Adani Electricity Navi Mumbai Ltd (Formerly Known as AEML Infrastructure Limited)	•	4.2
	Adani Transmission (Rajasthan) Limited.	•	7.8
	Arasan Infra Limited(Formerly Known as Arasan Infra Private Limited)	•	0.6
	ATL HVDC LIMITED	•	55.6
	Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited Karur Transmission Limited	•	188.7
	Kharghar Vikhroli Transmission Limited		4.7 209.9
	Khavda-Bhuj Transmission Limited		10.6
	WRSS XXI (A)Transco Ltd		304.5
Interest paid	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	429.8	
	Adani Transmission Step-One Limited	2,533.0	
Interest received	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	1,067.3	•
Investment in Equity	Ghatampur Transmission Limited	•	26.0
	Adani Transmission Step-Two Limited	-	0.1
Investment in OCD	Ghatampur Transmission Limited Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	-	78.0
Investment in Per petual Equity Loan Given	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	24,268.0	80.0 14,814.3
Logit of veri	Adani Infra (India) Limited	24,200.0	147.4
	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	-	5.0
	MP Power Transmission Package-II Limited	-	305.0
	North Karanpura Transco Limited	÷	4,898.0
	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited	-	0.3
	Warora Kurnool Transmission Limited	*	2,552.6
	Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited.	-	31.0
	Ghatampur Transmission Limited Sunrays Infra Space Limited(Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)	-	288.8
	Adani Electricity Navi Mumbai Ltd (Formerly Known as AEML Infrastructure Limited)		6,062.1 0.5
	ATL HVDC LIMITED	-	192.9
	Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited	-	20.0
	Karur Transmission Limited	-	35.5
	Khavda-Bhuj Transmission Limited	•	176.3
	WRSS XXI (A)Transco Ltd		48.0
Loan Given receiv €d back	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	7,088.1	9,765.7
	Adani Infra (India) Limited North Karanpura Transco Limited	:	60.0 1,927.5
	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited		13.0
	Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited.		106.5
	Ghatampur Transmission Limited	-	165.0
	Sunrays Infra Space Limited(Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)	-	6,062.1
	ATL HVDC LIMITED		
Loan Taken	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	18,528.9	6,559.5
	MPSEZ Utilities Limited Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited		1,591.0 456.1
	Sipat Transmission Limited	-	181.3
	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited		109.0
	Western Transmission (Gujarat) Limited	-	160.0
	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited.	•	118.8
	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited.	-	383.5
	Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited. Western Transco Power Limited.	-	140.4
	Alipurduar Transmisison Limited		140.0 200.0
	Sunrays Infra Space Limited (Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)		12.766.7
Loan Taken paid b ack	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	19,491.9	3,414.1
	MPSEZ Utilities Limited		1,410.7
	Sunrays Infra Space Limited(Formerly Known as Sunrays Infra Space Private Limited)	-	12,874.1
OCPRS	Adani Transmission Step-One Limited	12,000.0	•
Perpetual Convert ed to ICD	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	-	246.2
	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited	:	180.0 110.0
	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited.	.	130.0
	Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited.	.	170.0
Professional and Consultancy Fees	Adani Enterprises Limited	173.7	169.6
	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited	13.5	
Description of Species	MUNDRA SOLAR PV LIMITED	•	1.8
Receiving of Servi Ces	Adani Hospitals Mundra Private Limited Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	0.1	0.3
	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited	33.1	36.1
	Adani Power Limited	2.2	
	Adani Total Gas Limited	0.0	0.0
	Belvedere Golf and Country Club Private Limited	1.3	2.6
	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	0.0	0.0
	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	0.0	0.1
	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited	3.1	0.0
	Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)	-	2.2
	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited.	-	0.0
	Adani Transmission (Rajasthan) Limited.	-	0.0
	Adani Estate Management Private Limited	-	0.2
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Rendering of Services	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	11.2	4.2
	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	-	0.0
	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	•	0.0
	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	-	0,0
	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	•	0.1
	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	•	0.1
	Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited	-	0.1
O8M Charges	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	345.0	382.7
Purchase of Inventory	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	3,705.2	•
	Adani Green Energy (UP) Limited	1.0	-
	Adani Green Energy Limited	0.2	-
	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	•	27.6
	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited	-	0.5
	Wardha Solar (Maharashtra) Private Limited	0,2	-
	ATL HVDC LIMITED	•	246.1
	Adani Digital Labs Pvt Ltd	•	0.3
Sale of Inventory	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)		661.5
	Adani Wind Energy Kutchh One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy (MP)	0.0	-
	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	0.0	-
	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	0.0	
	Sipat Transmission Limited	0.0	-
<u> </u>	ATL HVDC LIMITED	•	449.7
Employee Balance Transferred	Adani Electricity Mumbai Infra Limited	23.5	-
	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	1.5	•
	Adani Enterprises Limited	8.0	-
	Adani Green Energy Limited	2.4	0.2
	Adani Infra (India) Limited	0.0	•
	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	0.6	0.0
	Adani Power Limited	0.1	1.9
	Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited	0.5	•
	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited	1.3	•
	Bikaner-Khetri Transmission Limited	0.1	•
	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited	0.1	-
	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	0.7	0.6
	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	1.0	0.1
	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	0.3	1,0
	MP Power Transmission Package-II Limited	0.5	0.2
	MPSEZ Utilities Limited	0.7	-
	North Karanpura Transco Limited	0.0	-
	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited	0,5	
	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	1,1	0.2
	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited Warora Kurnool Transmission Limited	0.1	
	l l	1.9	1.7
	Western Transmission (Gujarat) Limited	0.4	· l
	Adani Krishnapatnam Port Ltd	•	0.1
	Adani New Industries Ltd	•	0.3
	Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited) Adani Vizhinjam Port Pvt Ltd	•	0.9
	Arayali Transmission Service Company Limited.	•	0.4
	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited.	•	0.7
	1	-	0.1
	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited. Ghatampur Transmission Limited	-	0.0
	Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited.	-	0.4
	MUNDRA SOLAR PV LIMITED	•	0.1
	Western Transco Power Limited.	-	8.5
Gratuity	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	•	0.0
oracoicy	Mumbai International Airport Ltd	-	0.4
	Monitori international All port Eto		0.4

*Subsidiaries other than included in obligor group

- All above transactions are in normal course of business and are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail arm's length transactions.

 Transfer of certain assets & liabilities on account of internal corporate restructring. (Refer note 45)

 Company ("AESL") has provided Corporate guarantee to the lenders on behalf of the Company ("ATSOL") for ₹ 71,984.8 Millions.

- 1. Interest on Loan given to Subsidiary Companies and Entity have control or significant influence.
 2. Accrued and paid on Perpetual Equity infused by Entity have control or significant influence.
- 3. Financial support to Subsidiary Companies primarily for Green field Growth Project.
- 4. Long term equity support by way of Perpetual instruments from entities under common control.







(B) Balances with Related Parties

(₹ in Million)

(B) Balances Witte Related Parties		Eastha year anded	(₹ in Millor
Mature of Cransactions	Name of related party	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ender 31st March, 2023
Accounts Payable	Adani Airport Holdings Limited	0.5	0.5
Accounts Payabl€	Adani Digital Labs Pvt Ltd		0.
Accounts Payabl€	Adani Electricity Mumbai Infra Limited	23.5	-
Accounts Payable	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	45.7	89.2
Accounts Payable	Adani Enterprises Limited	237.7	310.0
Accounts Payable	Adani Foundation	-	-
Accounts Payable	Adani Green Energy Limited	2.4	1.1
Accounts Payable	Adani Infra (India) Limited	0.0	•
Accounts Payable	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited	589.9	650.6
Accounts Payable	Adani Krishnapatnam Port Ltd		0.1
Accounts Payable	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited	5.3	68.2
Accounts Payable	Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)		0.9
Accounts Payable⇒ Accounts Payable⇒	Adani Power Limited Adani Total Gas Limited	1.2	0,1
Accounts Payable	Alipurduar Transmission Limited	0.0	1.6 0.0
Accounts Payable	Aravali Transmission Service Company Limited	1.2	
Accounts Payable	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited	1.2	0.7
Accounts Payable	Belvedere Golf and Country Club Private Limited	0.1	•
Accounts Payable	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited	0.0	0.0
Accounts Payable	Ghatampur Transmission Limited	0.2	0.2
Accounts Payable	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	0.8	0.6
Accounts Payable	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	1.0	0.
Accounts Payable	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	0.0	•
Accounts Payable	MP Power Transmission Package-II Limited	0.2	0.2
Accounts Payable	MPSEZ Utilities Limited	0.3	
Accounts Payable	Mumbai International Airport Limited	0.4	0.4
Accounts Payable	Mundra Solar PV Limited	8.5	8.5
Accounts Payable	North Karanpura Transco Limited	0.5	
Accounts Payable	OBRA-C Badaun Transmission Limited	8.0	0.2
Accounts Payable	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	1.1	0.1
Accounts Payable	Thar Power Transmission Service Limited	0.1	0.0
Accounts Payable	Warora Kurnool Transmission Limited	3.2	1.7
Accounts Payable	Western Transco Power Limited	7.9	7.9
Accounts Payable	Western Transmission (Gujarat) Limited	0.4	5.8
Accounts Payable	Wrsr Power Transmission Limited	0.1	-
Accounts Payable	WRSS XXI (A) Transco Limited	0.0	0.0
Accounts Receive the	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	4.4	•
Accounts Receiva tole Accounts Receiva tole	Adani Green Energy Limited	0.0	0.4
Accounts Receiva tole Accounts Receiva tole	Adani Infrastructure Management Services Limited Adani New Industries Limited	- 0.7	0.0
Accounts Receive tole	Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited	0.3	0.3
Accounts Receive tole	Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)	12.2	0.6
Accounts Receiva sole Accounts Receiva sole	Adani Power (Mundra) Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited) Adani Power Maharashtra Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)	-	0.6 2.0
Accounts Receiva tole	Adani Vizhinjam Port Private Limited	0.3	0.3
Accounts Receiva tole	Adani Wind Energy Kutchh One Limited (Formerly known as Adani Green Energy (MP)	0.0	-
Accounts Receiva tole	Ahmedabad International Airport Limited	0.5	0.5
Accounts Receiva ©le	ATL HVDC LIMITED	0.9	0.9
Accounts Receiva able	Barmer Power Transmission Service Limited		0.1
Accounts Receiva tole	Bikaner-Khetri Transmission Limited	0.2	0.3
Accounts Receiva ©le	Chhattisgarh-WR Transmission Limited	0.1	0.0
Accounts Receiva ©le	Fatehgarh-Bhadla Transmission Limited	0.4	0.3
Accounts Receiva ©le	Hadoti Power Transmission Service Limited	. 0.1	0.1
Accounts Receiva 🐿 le	Jam Khambaliya Transco Limited	0.9	0.0
Accounts Receiva tole	Lakadia Banaskantha Transco Limited	0.1	0.0
Accounts Receiva 🗠 le	Maru Transmission Service Company Limited	0.9	1,1
Accounts Receiva 😂le	MPSEZ Utilities Limited	-	0.4
Accounts Receiva 😂 le	North Karanpura Transco Limited	0.4	0.0
Accounts Receiva 😂le	Raipur-Rajnandgaon-Warora Transmission Limited	0.0	•
Accounts Receiva 😂 le	Sipat Transmission Limited	0.0	-
Accounts Receiva Dle	Udupi Power Corporation Limited (Amalgamated with Adani Power Limited)	.	0.4
Accounts Receiva tole	Western Transco Power Limited	0.0	0.0
Loan Given Closin G Balance	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	24,496.5	6,807.9
Loan taken Closin 🔾 Balanse	Adani Energy Solutions Limited (Formerly known as Adani Transmission Limited)	1,872.4	2,807.1

*Subsidiaries othe ar than included in obligor group







The carrying value of fanancial in struments by categories as on 31st March, 2024 is as follows:

(₹in Million)

Particulars	Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total Carrying Value in Books	Fair Value
Financial Assets					
Investments in Government Securities	-	-	902.8	902.8	767.3
Investments in Treasury Bill	-		158.3	158.3	158.3
Trade Receivables	-	-	4,538.0	4,538.0	4,538.0
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	19.5	19.5	19.5
Other Bank balances	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4
Loans	-	-	24,500.1	24,500.1	24,500.1
Derivatives instruments	3,183.2	-	-	3,183.2	3,183.2
Other Financial Assets	-	-	11,745.7	11,745.7	11,745.7
Total	3,183.2	-	41,864.8	45,047.9	44,912.5
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	-		80,103.8	80,103.8	67,918.0
Trade Payables	-	-	1,077.9	1,077.9	1,077.9
Derivatives instruments	-	-	-		-
Other Financial Liabiliti es	137.3		1,851.2	1,988.5	1,988.5
Total	137.3	•	83,032.8	83,170.1	70,984.4

The carrying value of fi nancial instruments by categories as on 31st March, 2023 is as follows:

					(₹in Million)
Particulars	Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income	Fair Value through profit or loss	Amortised cost	Total Carrying Value in Books	Fair Value
Financial Assets					
Investments in Government and Trust	-	- 1	792.8	792.8	767.3
Investments in Treasury Bill	-	-	116.1	116.1	116.1
Trade Receivables	-		3,964.7	3,964.7	3,964.7
Cash and Cash Equivale nts	-	-	104.6	104.6	104.6
Other Bank balances	-	-	0.4	0.4	0.4
Loans	<u>-</u>	-	6,814.5	6,814.5	6,814.5
Derivatives instruments	2,808.8	-	•	2,808.8	2,808.8
Other Financial Assets	-	-	18,231.8	18,231.8	18,231.8
Total	2,808.8	•	30,024.7	32,833.5	32,808.1
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings (Including 😊 urrent maturities)	-	-	82,080.1	82,080.1	64,325.7
Trade Payables	-	-	1,380.3	1,380.3	1,380.3
Derivatives instruments	4.0	-	-	4.0	4.0
Other Financial Liabilities			2,090.0	2,090.0	2,090.0
Total	4.0	•	85,550.4	85,554.4	67,799.9

- Above excludes carrying value of equity nature Investments in subsidiaries accounted at cost in accordance with Ind AS 27.
- The management assessed that the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, other balance with banks, trade receivables, loans, trade payables, other financial assets and liability approximat € their carrying amount largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.
- The fair value of the Financiala ssets and liabilities is included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values.
- The fair value of loans from banks and other financial liabilities, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flow using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.
- Fair value of mutual fus nds and Government Securities are based on the price quotations near the reporting date.
- The Obligor Group en ters intoderivative financial instruments with various counterparties, principally banks and financial institutions with investment grade credit ratings. Foreign excharage forward contracts are valued using valuation techniques, which employs the use of market observable inputs. The most frequently applied valuation techniques in clude forward pricing and swap models using present value calculations. The models incorporate various inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, foreign exchange spot and forward rates, yield curves of the respective currencies, currency basis spreads between the respective currencies, interest rate curves and forward rate curves of the underlying currency. All derivative contracts are fully collateralized, thereby, eliminating both counterparty and the Obligor Group's own non-perfor mance risk.







43 Fair Value hierarchy

(₹in Million)

Particulars	As a 31st Marcl	· i	As at 31st March, 2023	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 1	Level 2
Assets measured at fair value				
Investments in Treasury Bill	158.30	-	116.1	
Investment in Governm ent Securities	902.8	-	792.8	
Assets measured at am ortised cost				
Loans	-	24,500.1		6,814.5
Derivative Instruments designated in hedge accounting				
relationship				
Derivative Asset	-	3,183.2	-	2,808.8
Total	1,061,1	27,683.3	908.9	9,623.2
Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed				
Borrowings (Including Interest Accrued)	67,138.3	779.8	59,318.5	806.3
Derivative Instruments designated in hedge accounting				
relationship				
Derivative Liability	-	-		4.0
Total	67,138.26	779.8	59,318.5	810.3

- The fair value of Investments in Subsidiaries has been determined using Discounted Cash Flow Method.
- The fair value of Loan's given is equivalent to amortised cost.
- The fair value of Derivative instruments is derived using valuation techniques which include forward pricing and swap models using present value calculations.
- The Borrowing includes USD bonds which are listed in Singapore Stock Exchange. The fair value of Bonds have been determined based on the prevailing market rate as on the reporting date. The fair value of rest of the borrowings is equivalent to carrying value.
- Fair value of mutual fundsare based on the price quotations near the reporting date.
- Fair value of Investme nt in Government securities are based on the price quotations of the reporting date.







44 Financial Instruments and Risk Overview

a) Capital Managerment

The Obligor Group's objectives to managing capital is to safeguard continuity and healthy capital ratios is order to support its business and provide adequate return to share holders through continuing growth. The Obligor Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from previous period.

The Obligor Group sets the amount of capital required on the basis of annual business and long term operating plans which include capital and other strategic investment.

The funding requirement are met through a mixture of equity, internal fund generation and borrowing. The Obligor Group's policy is to use borrowing to meet anticipated funding requirements.

(₹in Million)

Particulars	Refer Note	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023
Total Borrowings (including Current Maturities)	23 8 26	80,103.8	82,080.1
Less: Cash and ban k balances	15 & 16	19.9	105.0
Less: Current Investments	13	158.3	116.1
Net Debt(A)		79,925.5	81,859.1
Equity Share Capital & Other Equity	20 & 22	(13,389.7)	(14,402.7)
Instrument Entirely Equity in Nature	21	33,400.0	25,000.0
Total Equity (B)		20,010.3	10,597.3
Total Equity and Net Debt C=(A+B)		99,935.8	92,456.3
Gearing Ratio (A)/(C)		0.80	0.89

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended as at 31st March, 2024 and as at 31st March, 2023.

b) Financial Risk M-anagement Objectives

The Obligor Group's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, trade and other payables, The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Obligor Group's operations/projects. The Obligor Group's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

In the ordinary course of business, the Obligor Group is mainly exposed to risks resulting from exchange rate fluctuation (currency risk), interest rate movements (interest rate risk) collectively referred as Market Risk, Credit Risk, Liquidity Risk and other price risks such as equity price risk. The Obligor Group's senior man agement oversees the management of these risks. It manages its exposure to these risks through derivative financial instruments by hedging transactions. It uses derivative instruments such as Principal only Swaps, Interest rate swaps, foreign currency future options and foreign currency forward contract to manage these risks. These derivative instruments reduce the impact of both favourable and unfavourable fluctuations.

The Obligor Group's risk management activities are subject to the management, direction and control of Central Treasury Team of the Obligor Group under the framework of Risk Management Policy for Currency and Interest rate risk as approved by the Board of Directors of the Obligor Group. The Group's central treasury team ensures appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Obligor Group through appropriate policies and procedures and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Obligor Group's policies and risk objectives. It is the Obligor Group's policy that no trading in derivatives for speculative purposes may be undertaken.

The decision of whether and when to execute derivative financial instruments along with its tenure can vary from period to period depending on market conditions and the relative costs of the instruments. The tenure is linked to the timing of the underlying exposure, with the connection between the two being regularly monitored. The Obligor Group is exposed to losses in the event of non-performance by the counterparties to the derivative contracts. All derivative contracts are executed with counterparties that, in our judgment, are creditworthy. The outstanding derivatives are reviewed periodically to ensure that there is no inappropriate concentration of outstanding to any particular counterparty.

In the ordinary course of business, the Obligor Group is exposed to Market risk, Credit risk, and Liquidity risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

1) Interest rate risk

The Obligor Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates due to financing, investing and cash management activities. The Obligor Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Obligor Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates and period of borrowings. However, during the year and as at period end the Obligor Group does not have any borrowings with floating interest rates. Hence, the Olgior Group is not expose d to any interest rate risk.

2) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of an exposure will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Obligor Group's exp osure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Obligor Group's operating activities. The Obligor Group manages its foreign currency risk by hedging transactions that are expected to realise in future. Accordingly, as at period end the Obligor group does not have any unhedged outstanding foreign exposure and hence the obligor group is not exposed to any foreign currency risk as at period end.







The obligor has tak en various derivatives to hedge its bonds and interest thereon. The outstanding position of derivative instruments are as under:

		As at 31st Marc	h, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023	
⊉ Nature	Purpose	Foreign Currency (USD in Million)	(でin Million)	Foreign Currency (USD in Million)	(ぞin Million)
i) Principal only swaps	Hedging of foreign currency	572.5	47,749.4	602.5	49,507.4
i) Principal only swæps	principal liability	320.0	26,689.6	320.0	26,294.4
ii) Forward covers	Hedging of foreign currency borrowing principal & interest liability	12.8	1,067.6	12.8	1,059.9

The details of foreign currency exposures not hedged by derivative instruments are as under:

		As at 31st Marc	h, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
Nature		Foreign Currency (In Million)	(₹in Million)	Foreign Currency (In Million)	(₹in Million)	
Trade payable	USD	-	-	0.01	0.8	

Foreign Currency Risk Sensitivity

A change of 1% in Foreign currency would have following impact on profit before tax

(₹in Million)

Particulars	As at 31st Ma	rch, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
Particulars	1% Increase	1% Decrease	1% Increase	1% Decrease	
Risk Sensitivity					
Rupee / USD - (Increase) / Decrease	-	-	(0.0)	0.0	
Pungo / FLIPO - (Inc. rease) / Perrease	_	_	-	_	

Derivative Financia # Instrument

The Obligor Group sess derivatives instruments as part of its management of risks relating to exposure to fluctuation in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Obligor Group does not acquire derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes neither does it enter into complex derivative transactions to manage the above risks. The derivative transactions are normally in the form of forward currency contracts, cross currency swaps, options and interest rate swaps to hedge its foreign currency risks and interest rate risks, respectively and are subject to the Obligor Group's guidelines and policies.

The fair values of all derivatives are separately recorded in the balance sheet within current and non current assets and liabilities. Derivative that are designated as hedges are classified as current or non current depending on the maturity of the derivative.

The use of derivative cangive rise to credit and market risk. The Obligor Group tries to control credit risk as far as possible by only entering into contracts with stipulated / reputed banks and financial institutions. The use of derivative instrument is subject to limits, authorities and regular monitoring by appropriate levels of management. The limits, authorities and monitoring systems are periodically reviewed by management and the Board. The market risk on derivative is mileigated by changes in the valuation of underlying assets, liabilities or transactions, as derivatives are used only for risk management ourgose.

The Obligor Group enters into derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, cross currency swaps, options, interest rate futures and interest rate swaps—for hedging the liabilities incurred/recorded—and accounts for them as cash flow hedges and states them at fair value. The effective portion of the gains—or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in OCI in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the—statement of profit and loss. Amounts recognised in OCI are transferred to profit or loss when the hedged transaction affects profit or loss, such as when the hedged financial income or financial expense is recognised or when a forecast sale occurs. These hedges have been effective for the year ended March 3 1, 2024.

The fair value of the obligor Group's derivative positions recorded under derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities are as follows:

(₹ in Million)

Derivative Financia s Instruments	As at 31st Marc	h, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		
Derivative Financia as mistignients	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
Cash flow hedge					
-Forward	2.9	-	10.3	4.0	
-Principal Only Swa ps	3,180.3	-	2,528.5	-	
- Foreign Currency Swap	-	137.3	270.1	-	
Total	3,183.2	137.3	2,808.8	4.0	

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Obligor Group. The Obligor Group has adopted the policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial losses from default, and generally does not obtain any collatera. For other security on trade receivables.

In case of transmis sion business, regulator approved tariff is receivable from long-term transmission customers (LTTCs) and Discoms that are highly rated companies or government parties. The Group is of the view that the entire receivables are fully recoverable and accordingly, the Obligor Group does not recognize any impa rementions on its receivables.







Liquidity risk

The Obligor Group monitor sits risk of shortage of funds using cash flow forecasting models. These models consider the maturity of its financial investments, committed funding and projected cash flows from operations. The Obligor Group's objective is to provide financial resources to meet its business objectives in a timely, cost of fective and reliable manner and to manage its capital structure. A balance between continuity of funding and flexibility is maintained through the use of various types of borrowings.

The table below a malysis derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities of the Obligor Group into relevant maturity Obligor Groupings based on the remaining period from the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

(₹ in Million)

As at 31st March, 2: 023	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Borrowings *#	9,011.8	60,760.8	26,275.4	96,048.0
Trade Payables	1,077.9		-	1,077.9
Derivatives Liabilities	-	137.3	-	137,3
Other Financial Liabilities**	1,851.2	-	-	1,851.2

(₹ in Million)

As at 31st March, 2 022	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Borrowings *#	12,432.7	83,260.5	28,362.8	1,24,056.0
Trade Payables	1,380.3	-	-	1,380.3
Derivatives Liabilities	4.0	-	-	4.0
Other Financial Liabilities**	2,090.0	-	-	2,090.0

- * Includes Non-current borrowings, current borrowings, committed interest payments on borrowings,
- ** Includes both Nom-current and current financial liabilities..

#The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial liabilities including interest that will be paid on those liabilities upto the maturity of the instruments, ignoring the call and refinancing options available with the Group. The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the e nd of the reporting period.

a) During the previcous year 2022-23, Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission (MERC) vide its order dated 31st March, 2023 has approved i) truing-up of the tariff for the period from the financial year 2019-20, 2020-21 & 2021-22, (ii) for Provisional truing up of financial year 2022-23 and (iii) Aggregate Revenue Requirement (ARR) for FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25. Accordingly, based on the MERC order, the company has recorded additional revenue of ₹ 3977.0 Million. Un der the circumstances, the figures for the current year are not comparable with the corresponding figures of the previous year, to that extent.

Central Electricity Regulatory Commission ("CERC") vide it's order dated January 21, 2022, has partly disallowed certain expenses (interest and depreciation) in relation to truin g up taiff petition for the control period 2015-19 and tariff determination petition for the control period 2020-24 filed by Adani Transmission (India ≥ Limited ("ATIL"). The Management has, basis an external legal opinion, assessed that it has reasonably good case on merits in the light of the prevailing Tariff Regula tions, settled principles of law as per earlier judicial precedence and, is in the process of preferring an appeal in Appellate Tribunal for Electricity again st such CERC order. Having regard to the above, the disallowances aggregating to ₹ 1120.7 Million (P.Y. ₹ 1081.1 Million) up to 31st March, 2024 are not recognized with in the financials Statements.

During the year 20 ≥2-23, Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission (MERC) vide its order dated 31st March, 2023 has approved i) truing-up of the tariff for the period from the financial year 2019-20, 2020-21 & 2021-22, (ii) for Provisional truing up of financial year 2022-23 and (iii) Aggregate Revenue Requirement (ARR) for FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25. Accordingly, based on the MERC order, the company has recorded additional revenue of ₹ 157.6 Milliion.







Energy Solutions

45 (i) During the previous financial year, pursuant to an agreement between the Company, Adani Energy Solutions Limited ('AESL' - Holding company), Adani Transmission (India) Limited ('ATIL'), Adani Transmission Step-One Limited & Maharashtra Eastern Grid Power Transmission company Limited ('MEGPTCL'), ATL has transferre d/novated, as the case may be, its investments in equity shares (at fair value) of, and Inter Corporate Deposits placed with ATIL and MEGPTCL, USD denominated borrowings of Senior Secured Notes / Bonds (aggregating USD 937.50 million outstanding as on transferred date) along with corresponding hed ge contracts, identified fixed assets, cash equivalent to restricted reserve and working capital loans to the company after obtaining requisite approvals. The ATSOL has discharged the consideration towards acquisition of the said assets and liabilities by way of issuance of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures to AESL. The transaction being a common control transaction has been accounted at book value, the difference between net liabilities transferred and the value of CCD recorded, being ₹ 65,744.4 Million has been recognized in Other Equity of the Company.

Assets received:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in Mn.)
Fixed assets (Land)	0.4
Investment in equity share of ATIL & MEGPTCL (having fair value ₹ 7,8210.5 Million)	12,466.0
Loans & Advance (Current & non current)	17,516.5
Cash Equivalent to Restricted Reserve	800.0
Derivative instruments designated in hedge accounting relationship (current & non current)	2,931.2
Pre-Paid expenditure (consent Fees)	170.7
Total A :	33,884.8

Liabilities received:

Particulars	Amount (₹ in Mn.)
Senior Secured USD Bonds (including unamortised cost)	73,910.0
Hedge Reserve	(2,001.2)
Working Capital	2,200.0
Interest Accrued buit Not Due on bonds	520.4
Total B :	74,629.2

Net liabilities received (A-B)	40,744.4
Consideration given in form issuance of CCD	25,000.0
Restructuring reserve	65,744.4







46 As per Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits", the disclosures are given below.

(a) Defined Contribution Plan

- (i) Provident fund
- (ii) Superannuation fund
- (iii) State defined contribution plans
- -Employer's contribution to Employees' state insurance
- -Employers' Contribution to Employees' Pension Scheme 1995

The Obligor Group has recognised the following amounts as expense in the financial statements for the year:

(₹in Million)

Particulars	For the year ended 31st March, 2024	For the year ended 31st March, 2023
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund	38.3 0.1	35.1 0.1
Total	38.4	35.2

(b) Defined Benefit Plan

The Obligor Group operates a defined benefit plan (the Gratuity plan) covering eligible employees, which provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment.

The status of gratuity plan as required under Ind AS-19:		(₹ in Million As at
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2024	31st March, 2023
i. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of defined benefit obligation		
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations at the beginning of the Year	87.8	83.0
Current Service Cost	12.2	13.0
Interest Cost	5.2	5.1
Re-measurement (or Actuarial) (gain) / loss arising from:		
- Change in demographic assumptions	6.9	(1, 1)
- Change in financials assumptions	(4.0)	(4.2)
 Experience variance (i.e. Actual experience vs assumptions) 	5.2	3.7
Acquisition Adjustment	-	-
Benefits paid	2.1	(4.5)
Net Actuarial loss / (gain) Recognised	-	
Liabilities Transfer In/Out	(24.2)	(7.4)
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations at the end of the Year	91.1	87.8
ii. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of the Fair value of Plan assets		
Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the Year	7.6	7.6
Investment Income	-	-
Contributions	-	-
Benefits paid	-	
Return on plan a ssets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expenses	-	-
Planned Asset Acquired on Business Acquisition		-
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the Year	7.6	7.6
iii. Reconciliation of the Present value of defined benefit obligation and Fair value of plan assets		
Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations at the end of the Year	90.0	86.6
Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the Year	7.5	7.5
Net Asset / (Liability) recognized in balance sheet as at the end of the year	(82.5)	(79.1)
iv). Composition of Plan Assets	(,	,,,,,
100% of Plan Assets are administered by LIC		
v, Gratuity Cost for the Year		
Current service clost	12.2	13.0
Interest cost	5.2	5.1
Expected return on plan assets		
Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	1 - 1	
Net Gratuity cost recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss	17.4	18.2
, -		
vi. Other Comprehensive Income		
Actuarial (gains) / losses	5.0	(1.1)
Change in demographic assumptions	6.9	(1.1)
Change in financial assumptions	(4.0)	(4.2)
Experience variance (i.e. Actual experiences assumptions)	5.1	3.9
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net interest expense		- /4 -1
Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income	8.O	(1.4)
vii. Actuarial Assumptions	7505	7.500
Discount Rate (perannum)	7.50%	7.50%
Annual Increase in Salary Cost (per annum)	10.00% 9.52%	10.00%
Attrition Rate	9,52%	9,52%
Mortality Rates as given under Indian Assured Lives Mortality Ultimate	1 100.00%	100.00%







(c) Asset Liability Matching Strategies

Adani Transmission Limited ("The Holding Company") has purchased insurance policy, which is basically a year-on-year cash accumulation plan in which the interest rate is declared on yearly basis and is guaranteed for a period of one year. The insurance Company, as part of the policy rules, makes payment of all gratuity outgoes happ ening during the year (subject to sufficient funds under the policy). The policy, thus, mitigates the liquidity risk. However, being a cash accumulation plan, the duration of assets is shorter compared to the duration of liabilities. Thus, Adani Transmission Limited is exposed to movement in interest rate (in particular, the significant fall in interest rates, which should result in a increase in liability without corresponding increase in the asset).

In respect of Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligations at the end of the year of \mathfrak{T} 91.1 Million (P.Y. \mathfrak{T} 87.7 Million, the holding company viz, Adani Transmission Limited has purchased insurance policy having Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year of \mathfrak{T} 7.6 Million to cover the obligation of the group and other the subsidiary companies controlled by the ultimate parent viz, Adani Transmission Limited.

(d) Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the d efined benefit obligations to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Change in assumption			Increase in assumption			Decrease in assumption		
	As at 31st March, 2024	As at 31st March, 2023		As at 31st March, 2024 (7 in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)		As at 31st March, 2024 (र in Million)	As at 31st March, 2023 (₹ in Million)
Discount rate	1.50%	1.00%	Decrease by	81.2	80.6	Increase by	100.1	93.4
Salary Growth Rate	1.30%	1.00%	Increase by	99.9	93.1	Decrease by	81.2	80.6
Attrition Rate	0.90%	0.50%	Decrease by	87.5	81.8	Increase by	92.9	94.4
Mortality Rate	10.00%	10.00%	Increase by	89.8	86.6	Decrease by	89.9	86.6

48 Segment information:-Operating Segments

The reportable segments of the Obligor Group are trading activity and providing transmission line service. The segment are largely organised and managed separately according to the organisation structure that is designed based on the nature of service. Operating segments reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chairman and Managing Director jointly regarded as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). Description of each of the reportable segments for all periods presented, is as under:-

- i) Transmission
- ii) Trading

The CODM evaluates the Obligor group's performance and allocates resources based on an analysis of various performance indicators by operating segments. The CODM reviews revenue and gross profit at the performance indicator for all of the operating segments.

The measurement of each segment's revenues, expenses and assets is consistent with the accounting policies that are used in preparation of the financial statements. Segment profit represents the profit before interest and tax.

Information regarding the Obligor Group's reportable segments is presented below:

(でin Million)

	Transmission	Trading	Elimination	Total
1. Revenue		-		
External Sales	16,954.2	3,705.8	-	20,659.9
	22,268.9	3,625.2	•	25,894.1
Total Revenue	16,954.2	3,705.8	•	20,659.9
	22,268.9	3,625.2	-	25,894.1
2. Results	8,757.9	0.6	-	8,758.4
Segment Results	14,266.7	1.1	-	14,267.8
Unallocated				1,401.0
				2,867.2
Operating Profit				10,159.5
•				17,135.1
Less: Finance Expense		İ		7,155.1
·				7,419.1
Profit Before Tax and Deferred Assets Recoverable/Adjustable				3,004.3
·				9,716.0
Current Taxes				1,285.8
				2,120.8
Deferred Tax				-38.2
				42.1
Total Tax				1,247.7
				2,162.9
Profit after tax and before deferred assets recoverable/adjustable				1,756.7
				7,553.1
Deferred Assets (Recoverable)/Adjustable				(38.1)
				42.1
Less: Minority Interest				
Net profit			167	1,718.5
FRN		l	467	7,595.3
(E) 112054				15.
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to Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st N 3. Other Information		<u> </u>		ergy Solutions
Segment Assets	1,09,897.1		-	1,09,897
·	98,980.1			98,980
Unallocated	3,317.2	-		3,317.
	7,166.6	***		7,166.
Total Assets	1,13,214.3	-	-	1,13,214.
	1,06,146.7	-	•	1,06,146.
Segment Liabilities	12,320.6	-	-	12,320.6
	12,663.0			12,663.
Unallocated Corpora te Liabilities	80,883.5	-	-	80,883.
	82,886.4	-	-	82,886.
Total liabilities	93,204.0		-	93,204.0
	95,549.4	-	-	95,549.
Depreciation	5,764.4	-	-	5,764.4
	5,747.2	-	-	5,747.
Non Cash Expenditure other then Depreciation/ Amortisation	10.8	-	-	10.8
	1.8	-	-	1. 8
Capital Expenditure	492.2	.	,	492.2
		l		

Previous figures are given in italics

Note 1: The business operations of the Obligor Group are entirely based in India accordingly the entity has no separate geographical to disclose.

Note 2: Revenue from power distribution companies for allocation of Transmission capacity with which Obligor Group has entered into Transmission Service Agreement accounts for more than 10% of Total Revenue.

49 Other Disclosures

(i) The obligor Group evaluates events and transactions that occur subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the approval of consolidated financial statements to determine the necessity for recognition and/or reporting of any of these events and transactions in the consolidated financial statements. As of 18th May, 2024, there are no subsequent events to be recognized or reported that are not already disclosed.

(ii) The Special Purpose Combined Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2024 have been approved by the Management Committee of Adani Energy Solutions Limited (the holding entity) on 18th May, 2024.

For Dharmesh Parikh & Co. LLP

J. Shall

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Chartered Accountants

CHIRAG SHAH

Membership No. 122510

Place : Ahmedabad

Date: May 18, 2024

For and on behalf of the board of directors of

Adani Energy Solutions Limited

(Formerly Known as Adani Transmission Limited)

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ANIL SARDANA

Managing Director DIN 00006867

10,00000

JALADHI SHUKLA Company secretary

Place: Ahmedabad Date: May 18, 2024 KUNJAL-METTA
Chief Financial Officer